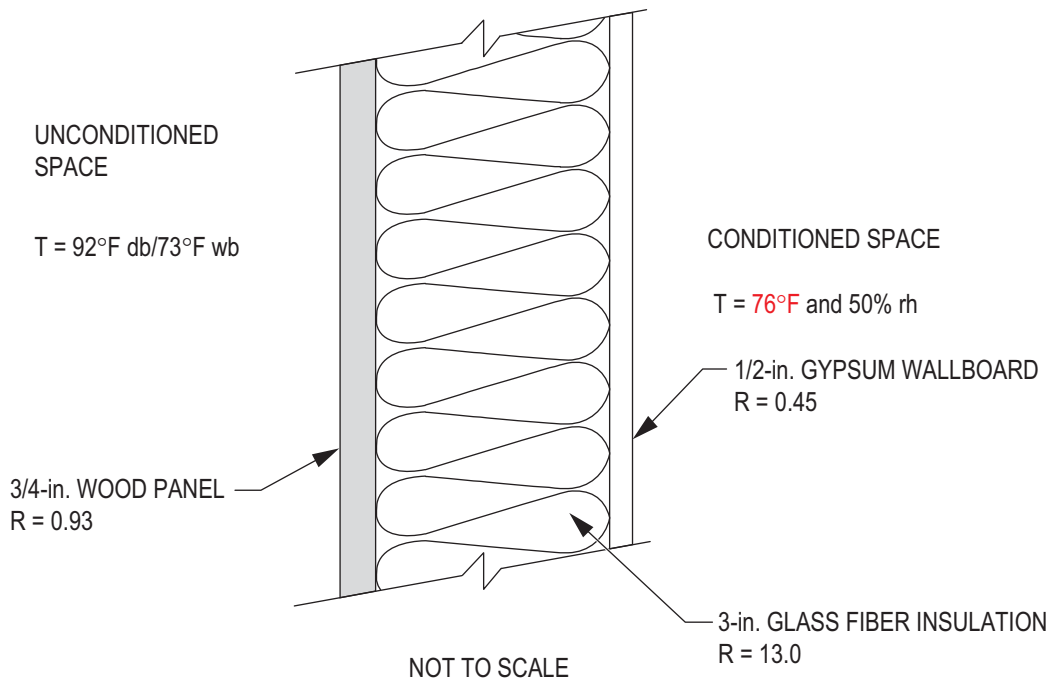


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Revisions are shown in red.

Question 506, p. 40:

The figure should be shown as follows:



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**Solution 110, p. 75:**

The solution should read as follows:

Reference: 2013 *ASHRAE Handbook—Fundamentals*, Chapter 18

The sensible heat equation at standard air conditions (sea level and 59°F) is given by:

$$Q_s = \text{cfm} \times 1.10 \times \Delta T$$

This needs to be adjusted to allow for the change in air density from standard conditions (0.075 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>) to the 5,000-ft elevation. On a psychrometric chart for 5,000 ft at a 55°F saturated supply air temperature, the specific volume of air is 15.8 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb, which gives a density of 0.063 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>.

The revised sensible heat equation becomes:

$$Q_s = \text{cfm} \times 1.10 \times (0.063/0.075) \times \Delta T$$

This becomes:  $Q_s = \text{cfm} \times 0.92 \times \Delta T$

$$\text{cfm} = Q_s / (0.92 \times \Delta T)$$

$$\text{cfm} = \frac{23 \text{ tons} \times 12,000 \text{ Btu/hr/ton}}{0.92 \times (75 - 55)} = 15,000 \text{ cfm}$$

**THE CORRECT ANSWER IS: (C)**

**Solution 509, p. 91:**

Line 6 of the solution should read as follows:

$$Q = 4.5 \times 112,250 \times (43.6 - 34.8) = 4,445,100 \text{ Btu/hr}$$

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**Solution 529, p. 97:**

The solution should read as follows:

$$Q_{\text{evap}} = \dot{m}(h_{\text{out}} - h_{\text{in}})_{\text{evap}} = 23.2 \text{ tons}$$

Suction saturated vapor,  $h_{\text{out}} = 106.2 \text{ Btu/lb}$

Saturated liquid at discharge pressure,  $h_{\text{in}} = 47.03 \text{ Btu/lb}$

$$\therefore \dot{m} = \frac{23.2 \text{ tons} \left( 200 \frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{min} \cdot \text{ton}} \right)}{(106.2 - 47.03) \text{ Btu/lb}} = 78.4 \text{ lb/min}$$

**THE CORRECT ANSWER IS: (B)**

**Revisions are shown in red.**

**Solution 530, p. 98:**

Line 1 of the solution should read as follows:

$$\text{Refrigerant flow} = \frac{\text{tons} \times 12,000 \text{ Btu/hr/ton}}{(60 \text{ min/hr})(\Delta h, \text{ Btu/lb})}$$

*Previously posted errata continued on next page*

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**p. 102:**

The correct psychrometric chart is shown on the next page.



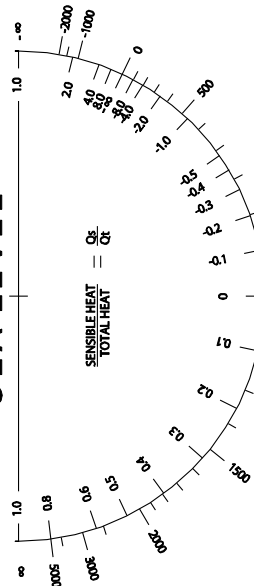
# ASHRAE PSYCHROMETRIC CHART NO. 1

NORMAL TEMPERATURE  
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE: 29.921 INCHES OF MERCURY

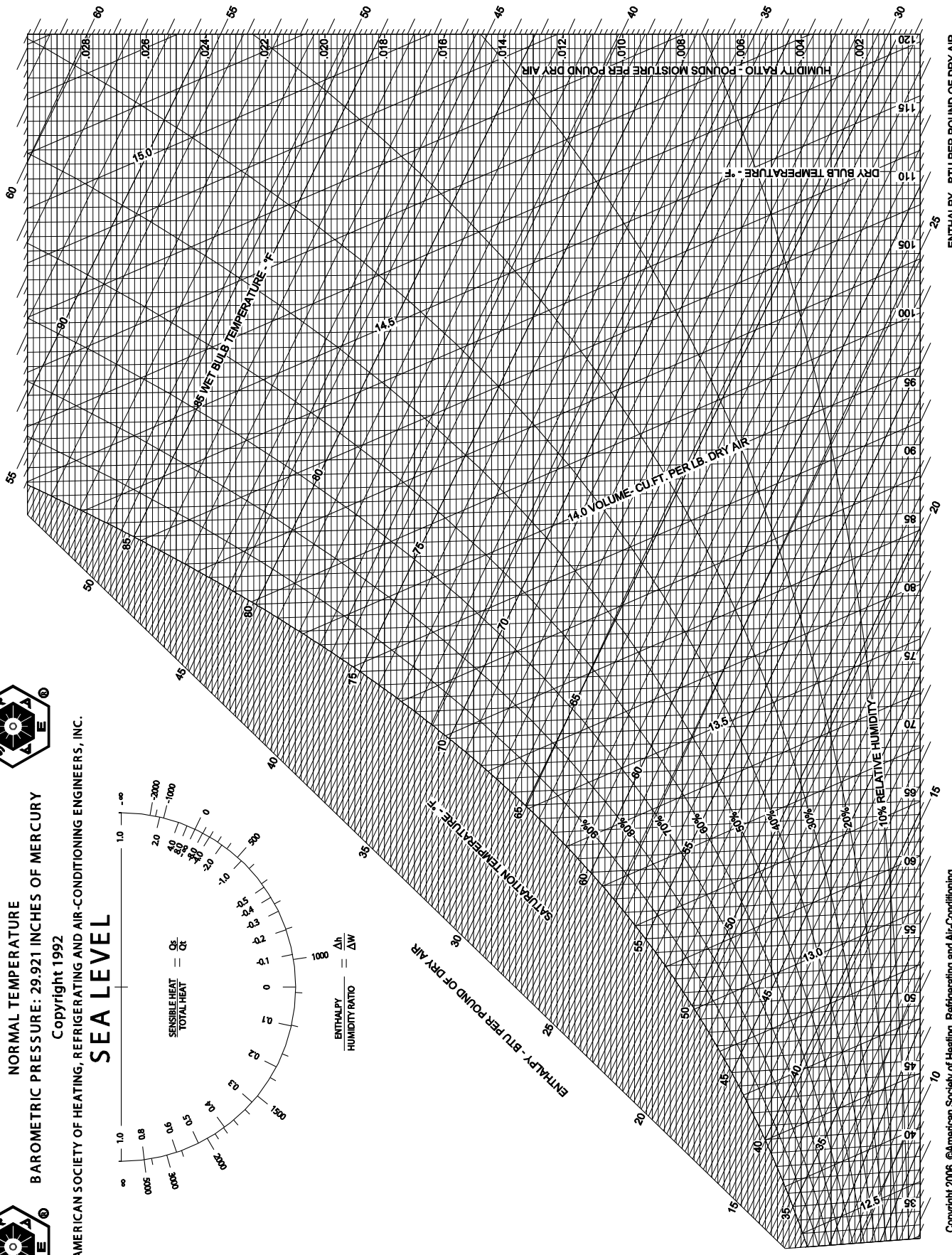
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SEA LEVEL



$$\frac{\text{ENTHALPY}}{\text{HUMIDITY RATIO}} = \frac{\Delta h}{\Delta W}$$



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