

**ERRATA for**  
***FE Electrical and Computer Practice Exam***  
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**Revisions are shown in red.**

**Question 3, p. 8**

Consider two sets, A and B, where Set A has four elements and Set B has five elements. A function  $f(x)$  that maps Set A to Set B, where each element of A is mapped to a unique element of B, is:

- A. injective
- B. surjective
- C. bijective
- D. the inverse of the function mapping B to A

**Question 27, p. 17**

A section of copper has resistivity of  $10 \Omega \cdot \text{m}$  at  $20^\circ\text{C}$ . The temperature coefficient of copper is  $0.004041^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$ . If the temperature is increased to  $30^\circ\text{C}$ , the resistivity ( $\Omega \cdot \text{m}$ ) is most nearly:

- A. 8.96
- B. 10.40
- C. 11.04
- D. 11.20

**Solution Table, p. 62**

Number 3 in the table should be A.

**Solution 3, p. 63**

The definitions of injective, surjective, and bijective functions are given in the Discrete Math section in the Mathematics chapter of the *FE Reference Handbook*.

Since no element of B is a function of more than a single element of A, there is a one-to-one (i.e., injective) relationship from A to B.  $f(x)$  cannot be surjective since at least one element of B does not map from any element of A. Since it cannot be surjective, it is, by definition, not bijective. **In order for a function to have an inverse, it must be bijective.**

**THE CORRECT ANSWERS IS: A**

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**Solution 27, p. 73**

From the Resistivity section in the Electrical and Computer Engineering chapter of the *FE Reference Handbook*, there is a linear relationship between resistivity and temperature for metals such as copper according to the following relationship:

$$\rho = \rho_0 [1 + \alpha(T - T_0)]$$

where  $\alpha$  is the temperature coefficient of resistivity per degree,  $\rho_0$  is the resistivity at  $T_0$ ,  $T$  is for temperature in °C, and  $\rho$  is the resistivity of the material.

$$\begin{aligned}\rho &= 10[1 + 0.004041(30 - 20)] \\ &= 10.40 \text{ } \Omega\text{-m}\end{aligned}$$

**THE CORRECT ANSWER IS: B**