ERRATA for

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Revisions are shown in red.

Question 8, p. 11:

The options should read as follows:

0	A.	(19.5%, 26.9%)
0	B.	(20.3%, 26.1%)
0	C.	(20.6%, 25.8%)
0	D.	(20.9%, 25.5%)

Question 23, p. 19:

The options should read as follows:

0	A.	78.0
0	В.	78.6
0	C.	118.5
0	D.	168.4

Question 37, p. 24:

Ready-mixed concrete is found to have a slump less than specified. Without compromising strength, which of the following is the most appropriate corrective action?

- O A. Decrease the amount of water in the mix before the truck leaves the ready-mix plant.
- O B. Increase the water to the mix in the truck at the jobsite before the concrete is poured.
- O C. Add a water-reducing admixture to the mix before the concrete is poured.
- O D. Increase the rotation speed of the mixing drum while the truck is in transit to the jobsite.

Question 40, p. 25:

The following preliminary concrete mix has been designed assuming that the aggregates are in oven-dry condition. The actual moisture contents of the aggregates are shown below:

Water = 305 lb/yd^3 Cement = 693 lb/yd^3

The properties of the aggregates and actual moisture contents used in the mix are shown below:

Property	Coarse Aggregate	Fine Aggregate
Moisture content at SSD	0.5%	0.7%
Moisture content as used in mix	2.0%	6.0%
SSD weight	1,674 lb/yd ³	1,100 lb/yd ³

The amount of water (lb/yd^3) that would be used in the final mix is most nearly:

- O A. 206
- о В. 222
- C. 305
- O D. 388

Question 95, p. 55:

The options should read as follows:

- O A. behind schedule with a cost savings
- O B. ahead of schedule with a cost savings
- O C. behind schedule with a cost overrun
- O D. ahead of schedule with a cost overrun

Solutions Table, p. 60:

- 8: The correct answer is B.
- 78: The correct answer is B.
- 91: The correct answers are A, B, C.

Solution 8, p. 63:

Refer to the t-Distribution section in the Engineering Probability and Statistics chapter of the *FE Reference Handbook*.

For a 99% confidence interval, $\alpha = 0.01 \rightarrow \alpha/2 = 0.005$.

Use Student's t-distribution with v = 3. Refer to the table, where $t_{0.005,3} = 5.841$.

Confidence interval = $23.2\% \pm [5.841 \times (1/2)] = 23.2\% \pm 2.921\% = (20.3\%, 26.1\%)$

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS: **B**

Solution 23, p. 70:

Refer to the Moment of Inertia section in the Statics chapter of the FE Reference Handbook.

$$I_{xc} = h^{3}(a^{2} + 4ab + b^{2})/36(a + b)$$

= 6³[(3² + (4 × 3 × 6) + 6²)]/[36 × (3 + 6)]
= 78 in⁴
$$y_{c} = 6[2(3) + 6]/[3 × (3 + 6)] = 2.667 in.$$

4.5 - 2.667 = 1.83 in
$$A = h(a + b)/2$$

$$A = 6(3 + 6)/2 = 27 in^{2}$$

$$I_{x'} = I_{xc} + d_{y}^{2}A$$

 $= 78 + (1.83^2)(27)$ $= 168.4 \text{ in}^4$

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS: D

Solution 67, p. 91

An alternate solution for this question is as follows:

Refer to the Stability, Determinacy, and Classification of Structures section in the Civil Engineering chapter of the *FE Reference Handbook*.

For a plane frame:

- m = number of members = 6 (4 columns, two beams)
- r = number of independent reaction components = 4 (x and y reactions at base of both columns)
- j = number of joints = 6 (base of each column, each beam-column connection)
- c = number of condition equations based on known internal moments or forces = 4 (each internal pin)

3(m) + r = 3(j) + c

3(6) + 4 = 3(6) + 4 so frame is stable and statically determinate.



THE CORRECT ANSWER IS: B

Solution 87, p. 102 WALK + width/pedestrian speed = green

$G_p=3.2+L/S_p+0.27N_{ped}$

The first and third terms of the minimum green equation refer to the pedestrian WALK interval, which was given in the problem as 6.0. The middle term represents the DON'T WALK interval, which needs to be calculated based on the pedestrian crossing time.

 $G_p = 6.0 + (31.5/3.5) = 15.0 \text{ sec}$

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS: D

Solution 91, p. 104

Option A: True. A 75-mph free-flow speed freeway has a breakpoint of 1,000 pc/h/ln, while a 55-mph freeway has a breakpoint of 1,800 pc/h/ln. The breakpoint is defined by the *Highway Capacity Manual* as the volume for which the operating speeds becomes lower than the free-flow speed.

THE CORRECT ANSWERS ARE: A, B, C