

Society	Public Health, Safety, and Welfare	Sustainability/ Environment
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)	<p>1.4 Engineers are committed to developing sensible technology and technical solutions. They accept responsibility for quality, reliability, and safety of new technical products and processes</p> <p>2.1 Engineers... design technology corresponding to the criteria and values implied: ... their usability and safety; their contribution to health, personal development and welfare of the citizens...</p> <p>2.3 Engineers orient their professional responsibility on the same fundamentals of ethics as everybody else within society. Therefore engineers should not create products which are obviously to be used in unethical ways (e.g. products banned by international agreement). Furthermore they may not accept far-reaching dangers or uncontrollable risks caused by their technical solutions.</p>	<p>2.1 Engineers are aware of the embeddedness of technical systems into their society, economic, and ecological context. Therefore they design technology corresponding to the criteria and values implied: the societal, economic and ecological feasibility of technical systems; their usability and safety; their contribution to health, personal development and welfare of the citizens; their impact on the lives of future generations</p> <p>2.2 The fundamental orientation in designing new technological solutions is to maintain today and for future generations, the options of acting in freedom and responsibility.</p>
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*	<p>1. Take professional decisions consistent with their responsibility to protect life, safety, health, heritage, and other present and mediated interests of all members of society, taking into account in each case, the importance for these purposes of the natural balance of the environment</p>	<p>1 ... taking into account in each case, the importance for these purposes of the natural balance of the environment</p> <p>5. Deepen knowledge and understanding of the wide range of available technological options, to carefully select from among them the one that in each case should be applied, taking into account the consequences in society and in the natural environment.</p>
Colombian Society of Engineers	<p>1. Practice the profession responsibly, personally, in your relationships with professional associations and your colleagues, seeking the safety, progress and welfare of the population, as well as the conservation of the environment and its sustainable development.</p>	<p>1. Practice the profession responsibly, personally, in your relationships with professional associations and your colleagues, seeking the safety, progress and welfare of the population, as well as the conservation of the environment and its sustainable development.</p>
Engineers Australia	<p>4.2 Practise engineering to foster the health, safety and wellbeing of the community and the environment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> incorporate social, cultural, health, safety, environmental and economic considerations into the engineering task 	<p>4 Promote sustainability</p> <p>4.1 Engage responsibly with the community and other stakeholders* be sensitive to public concerns* inform employers or clients of the likely consequences of proposed activities on the community and the environment* promote the involvement of all stakeholders and the community in decisions and processes that may impact upon them and the environment</p> <p>4.2 Practise engineering to foster the health, safety and wellbeing of the community and the environment* incorporate social, cultural, health, safety, environmental and economic considerations into the engineering task</p> <p>4.3 Balance the needs of the present with the needs of future generations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> in identifying sustainable outcomes consider all options in terms of their economic, environmental and social consequences aim to deliver outcomes that do not compromise the ability of future life to enjoy the same or better environment, health, wellbeing and safety as currently enjoyed
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers	<p>4. A member of the Institution in discharging his responsibilities to his employer and the profession shall at all times be governed by the overriding interest of the general public, in particular their environment, welfare, health and safety</p> <p>4.1. seek to protect the safety, health and welfare of the public;</p>	<p>1.4 take reasonable steps to avoid damage to the environment and the waste of natural resources or the products of human skill and industry;</p> <p>4.4 seek to assess the environmental consequences of work for which he is responsible and to influence events so as to prevent or minimise damage to, and if practicable to improve, the environment</p> <p>In particular in the exercise of the requirement to safeguard the public in matters of welfare, health, and safety, engineers should: a) strive to create through their projects a healthy and agreeable outdoor and indoor environment; b) aim to minimise the use of non-renewable resources, to conserve energy and to minimise the generation of waste; c) consider and take into account the consequences of any proposal upon public health and local custom; d) assess the impacts of their proposals upon the environment, and select options that will ensure sustainable development; e) consider and explain in their proposals the measures required to protect and improve the environment; f) promote the concepts of interdependence of ecosystems, maintenance of the diversity of species, resource replacement and recovery, and sustainable development; g) seek to balance costs with the best benefit to the environment and to human society, to achieve the most suitable practical environmental option, by utilizing the best available technology and techniques without entailing excessive cost; h) encourage management to follow positive environmental policies by recognizing that a statement of intent is not sufficient to achieve legislative compliance.</p>
Institution of Civil Engineers (UK)	<p>3. All members shall have full regard for the public interest, particularly in relation to matters of health and safety, and in relation to the well-being of future generations.</p> <p>Take all reasonable steps to protect the health and safety of members of the public and of those engaged in the project. This covers the whole life of a project during construction, operation, maintenance and decommissioning.</p>	<p>3. Members must take account of the broader public interest - the interests of all stakeholders in any project must be taken properly into account, including the impact on future generations. This must include regard for the impact upon the society and quality of life of affected individuals, groups or communities, and upon their cultural, archaeological and ethnic heritage, and the broader interests of humanity as a whole.</p> <p>4. All members shall show due regard for the environment and for the sustainable management of natural resources.</p> <p>In all the work that members do, they must be able to demonstrate, by an appropriate audit trail, that they have taken all reasonable steps to take account of all the relevant factors in relation to the impact upon the environment and the sustainable management of natural resources. It is increasingly the case that engineers are called to account for their decisions, especially where projects are controversial or are opposed by particular interest groups.</p>
Institution of Engineers (India)	<p>2.1 A Corporate Member shall utilise his knowledge and expertise for the welfare, health and safety of the community without any discrimination for sectional or private interests</p>	<p>The Corporate Members of The Institution of Engineers (India) are committed to promote and practice the profession of engineering for the common good of the community bearing in mind the following concerns:</p> <p>1.1.2 Concern for social justice, social order and human rights; 1.1.3 Concern for protection of the environment; 1.1.4 Concern for sustainable development;</p> <p>2.9. A Corporate Member shall reject any kind of offer that may involve unfair practice or may cause avoidable damage to the ecosystem.</p> <p>2.10 A Corporate Member shall be concerned about and shall act in the best of his abilities for maintenance of sustainability of the process of development.</p>
Institution of Engineers Rwanda	<p>2.4.a. Must at all times in his/her relations with the public, apply his/her skills and experience to the common good and the advancement of human welfare with proper regard for the safety, health and welfare of the public. A member shall not engage in any activity which he/she knows or has reasonable grounds for believing is likely to result in a serious detriment to any person or persons.</p> <p>c. Must at all times, take all reasonable care to ensure that his/her work and the products of that work constitute no avoidable danger of death or injury or ill-health to any person</p>	<p>2.5. Environment</p> <p>Every Member of IER must at all times: a. Be conscious of the effects of his/her work on the health and safety of individuals and on the welfare of society. While acting as designers, operators or managers on projects, members shall strive to eliminate risks to health and safety during all project stages. Members shall also undertake to minimize or eliminate any adverse impact on the natural environment arising from the design and execution of all project work that he/she is engaged in. b. Promote the principles and practices of sustainable development and the needs of present and future generations. c. Strive to accomplish the objective of his/her work with the most efficient consumption of natural resources which is practicable economically, including the maximum reduction in energy usage, waste and pollution. d. Promote the importance of social and environmental factors to professional colleagues, employers and clients with whom he/she shares responsibility and collaborate with other professions to mitigate the adverse impact of their common endeavors. e. Foster environmental awareness within the profession and among the public</p>
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	<p>1. Engineers shall hold paramount the health, safety and welfare of the public and proper utilization of the funds and other resources in the performance of their professional duties. It shall take precedence over their responsibility to the profession, sectoral or private interests, employers or to other engineers.</p> <p>1.3 Shall work in conformity with recognized engineering standards so as not to jeopardize the health, safety and welfare of the public.</p>	<p>3. Engineers shall be committed to the need for sustainable management of the planet's resources and seek to minimize adverse environmental impacts of their engineering works or applications of technology so as to protect both present and future generations.</p> <p>3.1 Shall carefully evaluate adverse environmental impacts of their actions and incorporate practical remedial measures to minimize them</p> <p>3.2 Shall consider theoretical, legislative, regulatory and policy aspects of environmental protection and sustainable management of the available resources.</p> <p>3.3 Shall work in close co-operation with members of other professions and disciplines on achieving sustainable development</p> <p>3.4 Shall critically analyze how the proposed project or the application of technology relates to sustainability considerations.</p> <p>3.5 Shall identify and assess options for material recovery and disposal.</p> <p>3.6 Shall analyze opportunities for resource and energy conservation and, design appropriately optimized systems.</p>
Japan Society of Civil Engineers	<p>3. Ensure the security of society and mitigate disasters. Be committed to aiding in protecting the life and property of the people, working with colleagues across a broad range of disciplines, while looking beyond their professional expertise to the concerns of the people, realizing both the capabilities and the limitations of technology with the people.</p>	<p>1. Contribute to society. Utilize their expertise and experience to develop and implement comprehensive solutions to issues of public interest, keeping in mind the peace and prosperity of the people and the development of society as their constant concern.</p> <p>2. Respect both Nature and the fabric of civilization and culture. Respect Nature indispensable to the survival and development of humanity while holding in esteem diverse civilizations and cultures.</p>
Pakistan Engineering Council	<p>4. A member shall have utmost regard for the safety, health and welfare of the public in the performance of his professional duties and for that purpose he shall - regard his duty to the public welfare as paramount;</p>	
South African Institution of Civil Engineering	<p>Members must protect life and the environment and safeguard people</p> <p>Members must endeavor to deliver cost effective solutions in a manner consistent with safety and other aspects of public interest</p> <p>Members must not agree to or comply with any instructions requiring dishonest action or the disregard of established norms of safety or levels of risk in design and construction</p> <p>Members should take reasonable care to ensure the quality, safety and sustainability of the work entrusted to them</p>	<p>Members must manage the Earth's resources in a sustainable manner by minimising the adverse environmental impacts of their civil engineering works and technologies for both present and future generations</p> <p>Members must, where possible, promote socio-economic development through their engineering works or application of technology that leads to a higher quality of life for the current generation, without compromising future generations.</p> <p>Members should seek solutions that are compatible with the principles of sustainable development, particularly those that relate to social development and poverty relief</p> <p>Members should ensure that systematic reviews are undertaken of all aspects of a project that impact upon the environment, including the justification for the need of the project and economic, social and political factors in order to minimise any adverse effects</p> <p>Members should be committed to the efficient use of resources</p> <p>Members should minimise the generation of waste and encourage environmentally sound re-use, recycling and disposal</p>

*Unofficial translation

AAES Member Society	Disclosure of Concerns to Clients/Affected Parties	Disclosure of Concerns to Authorities	Competency	Responsibility for Subordinates' Work
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)	1.4 Engineers are committed to developing sensible technology and technical solutions. They accept responsibility for quality, reliability, and safety of new technical products and processes. Their responsibilities include technical documentation as well as informing customers about both appropriate use and possible dangers of misuse of new technical solutions.	3.4 There may be cases when engineers are involved into professional conflicts which they cannot resolve co-operatively with their employers or customers. These engineers may apply to the appropriate professional institutions which are prepared to follow up such ethical conflicts. As a last resort, engineers may consider to directly inform the public about such conflicts or to refuse co-operation altogether.	1.1 Engineers are responsible for their professional actions and the resulting outcomes. According to professional standards, they fulfil their tasks as they correspond to their competencies and qualifications. Engineers perform these tasks and actions carrying both individual and shared responsibilities.	
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*			6. Maintain and continually improve your skills and accept professional assignments only in problems for which you are prepared and have experience, or expose with opportunity and clarity to the interested counterpart your own limitations in this regard.	
Colombian Society of Engineers		7. Report any form of corruption or illegal practice in the exercise of your profession.	3. Maintain and improve your technical competence, and only perform work for which you are adequately qualified....	
Engineers Australia	1.1 • act appropriately, and in a professional manner, when you perceive something to be wrong 4.1 • inform employers or clients of the likely consequences of proposed activities on the community and the environment	1.1 • act appropriately, and in a professional manner, when you perceive something to be wrong	2. Practise competently act in a careful and diligent manner seek peer review practise within areas of competence act on the basis of adequate knowledge practise in accordance with legal and statutory requirements, and with the commonly accepted standards of the day inform employers or clients if a task requires qualifications and experience outside your areas of competence	
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers	3.4 where possible advise those concerned of the consequences to be expected if his engineering judgment, in areas of his responsibility, is overruled by a non-technical authority; 3.5 advise his employer or client in anticipating the possible consequences of relevant developments that come to his knowledge;		1.7 not undertake responsibility which he himself is not qualified and competent to discharge 3.7 where necessary co-operate with or arrange for the services of other experts wherever an employer's or client's interest might best be served thereby;	
Institution of Civil Engineers (UK)	3... Members must assess and manage relevant risks and communicate these appropriately Where new or under-tested materials or methods are being used, members must pay attention to the public safety implications, and must have regard to the possibility that performance of the materials or methods may be worse than forecast. The use of such materials or methods and the risks involved must be drawn specifically to the client's notice.	1. Members must report in accordance with their employing organisation's instructions or code of conduct what they know of any corrupt activity in which their employing organisation has become engaged. Members must not ignore wrong-doing and must not act with 'wilful blindness' 6d. Promptly notify the employer or relevant authority where the member, in good faith, has a concern about a danger, risk, malpractice or wrongdoing which affects others (but this shall be an obligation only where the law of the relevant jurisdiction provides protection for such good-faith reporting under 'whistleblowing' or similar legislation) 6e. Support a colleague or any other person to whom the member has a duty of care who in good faith raises any issues covered by Rules 6c or 6d [i.e., the rules on reporting violations to ICE and on reporting violations to the authorities].	2. All members shall only undertake work that they are competent to do. They must disclose, where appropriate, any relevant limitations upon their competence. Being competent means that members have ensured that their knowledge has remained up to date, and has covered all relevant developments; in other words, members must maintain structured programme of continuing professional development to improve and update their technical knowledge.	1... Members who are responsible for the work of others or who have a management responsibility for other persons must take responsibility for the work produced. Members must therefore ensure that all such persons are appropriately qualified and supervised in a manner appropriate to their competence and that such persons have full regard to the public interest, particularly in relation to matters of health and safety. Members must also ensure that they have the knowledge and expertise to effectively oversee the work for which they are accountable.
Institution of Engineers (India)	2.6 A Corporate Member, wherever necessary and relevant, shall take all reasonable steps to inform himself, his employer or clients, of the environmental, economic, social and other possible consequences, which may arise out of his actions.		2.3 A Corporate Member shall act only in the domains of his competence and with diligence, care, sincerity and honesty.	
Institution of Engineers Rwanda	2.4. b. Must use professional skills and experience when providing professional advice to a client or employer, and if such advice is not accepted, inform such client or employer of any consequences which may be detrimental to the public health, safety or interests.	(see obligation to disclose to Society)	2.2 Competency Every Member of IER: a. Must discharge his/her duties to his/her employers, clients, associates and the public effectively with competence skill, efficiency, professionalism, knowledge, due care and diligence; b. Must not undertake or offer to undertake work of a nature for which his/her education, training and experience have not rendered him/her competent to perform; c. Must, when carrying out work, engage in and adhere to acceptable practices and applicable standards 2.3 Must provide work or services of quality and scope, and to a level, which is commensurate with accepted standards and practices in the profession	2.6 Must always ensure adequate supervision of, and take responsibility for, work carried out by his/her subordinates;
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	1.5 Shall, in the event of their judgment being over-ruled in matters pertaining to health, safety and welfare of the community, inform their clients or employers of the possible consequences and bring to the clients' / employers' notice their obligations as professionals to inform the relevant authority.	1.7 Having knowledge of any alleged violation of this Code by others shall co-operate with the proper authorities in furnishing such information or assistance as may be required. 6.9 Shall not complete, sign, or seal designs and/or specifications that are not safe to the public health and welfare and in conformity with accepted engineering standards. If the client or employer insists on such unprofessional conduct, they shall notify the proper authorities and withdraw from further service on the project.	5. Engineers shall perform professional services only in the areas of their competence. 5.1 Shall undertake assignments only when qualified by education and experience in the specific technical fields involved... 5.2 Shall not affix their signature to any designs or documents dealing with subject matter in which they lack competence...	
Japan Society of Civil Engineers				
Pakistan Engineering Council	- point out the consequences to his client or the employer if his engineering judgment is over-ruled by any non-technical person.	- not undertake, prepare, sign, approve or authenticate any plan, design or specifications which are not safe for the safety, health, welfare of a person or persons, or are not in conformity with the accepted engineering standards and if any client or an employer insists on such unprofessional conduct, he shall notify the authorities concerned and withdraw from further service on the project	8. A member shall undertake engineering assignments only when he possesses adequate qualifications, training and experience. He shall engage or advise for engaging of the experts and specialists whenever the client's or employers' interest are best served by such service.	
South African Institution of Civil Engineering	Members must actively contribute to the well-being of society and, when involved in any civil engineering project or application of technology, where appropriate, recognise the need to identify, inform and consult affected parties Members should ensure, where engineering decisions, recommendations or opinions are ignored or rejected, that those affected are made aware of the possible consequences Members should take reasonable steps to minimise the risk of the loss of life, injury or suffering which may result from their work or the effects of their work and to point out the level and significance of risk associated with their work to those affected	Members must actively contribute to the well-being of society and, when involved in any civil engineering project or application of technology, where appropriate, recognise the need to identify, inform and consult affected parties Members should report any situation concerning the safety of the public or the degradation of the environment, that they become aware of and that is considered to be an unreasonable risk, to the appropriate organisation or authority Members should expose unprofessional or dishonest conduct through the appropriate channels	Members must discharge their professional responsibilities with integrity and not undertake work in areas in which they are not competent to perform	Members should accept personal responsibility for work done by or under their supervision or direction and take reasonable steps to ensure that anyone working under their authority is both competent to carry out the assigned tasks and likewise accepts personal responsibility

AAES Member Society	Objectivity, Honesty, Truthfulness	Partisan Statements	Duty to Employers/Clients (or its Limits...)	Conflicts of Interest/Disclosure	Duty to Warn of Unsuccessful/Unviable Projects
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)			1.2 Engineers are responsible for their actions to the engineering community, to political and societal institutions as well as to their employers, customers, and technology users		
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*	3. Take care that your professional determinations and your public statements are based on information and objective data, interpreted through the best of your technical knowledge and professional judgment			2. Avoid conflicts of interest or situations that give the appearance that these exist.	
Colombian Society of Engineers	2. Be fair, realistic, and objective in the relationships with your clients, employers, colleagues, and subordinates; and act with integrity and impartiality. Be prudent in your statements and other public and private actions.		2. Be fair, realistic, and objective in the relationships with your clients, employers, colleagues, and subordinates; and act with integrity and impartiality....	7. Avoid real or perceived conflicts of interest, and should they exist, inform the involved parties.	
Engineers Australia	1.1 Act on the basis of a well-informed conscience • be discerning and do what you think is right • act impartially and objectively 1.2 Be honest and trustworthy 3.2 • engage responsibly in public debate and deliberation		3.3 Communicate honestly and effectively, taking into account the reliance of others on engineering expertise • provide clear and timely communications on issues such as engineering services, costs, outcomes and risks	1.2 • in managing perceived conflicts of interest, ensure that those conflicts are disclosed to relevant parties	
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers	1.3. give opinions in his professional capacity that are, to the best of his ability, objective, reliable and honest; 4.2 when making a public statement professionally, try to ensure that both his qualification to make the statement and his association with any benefiting party are made known to the recipients of the statement;	4.2 when making a public statement professionally, try to ensure that both his qualification to make the statement and his association with any benefiting party are made known to the recipients of the statement;	A member shall... 1.1 discharge his professional responsibilities with integrity, dignity, fairness and courtesy; 3. A member of the Institution shall discharge his duties to his employer or client with integrity and in accordance with the highest standards of business ethics. 3.1 offer complete loyalty to his employer or client, past and present, in all matters concerning remuneration and in all business affairs and at the same time act with fairness between his employer or client and any other party concerned	3.2 avoid engaging in business, investments or activities which conflict with the interests of his employer or client, and inform his employer or client in writing of any possible conflict between his own financial interests, or those of his immediate family, and the interests of his client or employer;	
Institution of Civil Engineers	Intro: At its most basic, it means that members should be truthful and honest in dealings with clients, colleagues, other professionals, and anyone else they come into contact with in the course of their duties 1... Carry out their professional duties with complete objectivity and impartiality		Intro: ... Members of the ICE should always be aware of their overriding responsibility to the public good. A member's obligations to the client can never override this, and members of the ICE should not enter undertakings which compromise this responsibility. 1. ... Have due regard to their duty of care to clients, especially lay clients in domestic or small works engagements.	1.. If a member has an interest, the member must declare it	
Institution of Engineers (India)	2.3 A Corporate Member shall act only in the domains of his competence and with diligence, care, sincerity and honesty. 2.7. A Corporate Member shall maintain utmost honesty and fairness in making statements or giving witness and shall do so on the basis of adequate knowledge.		2.4 A Corporate Member shall apply his knowledge and expertise in the interest of his employer or the clients for whom he shall work without compromising with other obligations to these Tenets.	4.1 Should keep his employer or client fully informed on all matters in respect of his assignment which are likely to lead to a conflict of interest or when, in his judgement, a project will not be viable on the basis of commercial, technical, environmental or any other risks;	4.1 Should keep his employer or client fully informed on all matters in respect of his assignment which are likely to lead to a conflict of interest or when, in his judgement, a project will not be viable on the basis of commercial, technical, environmental or any other risks;
Institution of Engineers Rwanda	2.3.h. Must make engineering decisions, recommendations or opinions that are honest, objective and are based on facts that are used in reaching recommendations or opinions given to clients or employers;		2.3.a. Must discharge his/her duties to the employers, clients, associates and the public with integrity, fidelity and honesty;	2.3.b. Must not undertake work under conditions or terms that would compromise his/her ability to carry out the responsibilities in accordance with acceptable professional standards; d. Must disclose to the employers and clients, or prospective employers or clients, in writing: i. Any interest, whether financial or otherwise, which he/she may have in any business undertaking, or with any person, and which is related to the work for which he/she may be or have been employed; and ii. Particulars of any royalty or other benefit which accrues or may accrue to him/her as a result of the work; with the client or employer concerned; f. Must avoid any perceived, real or potential conflict of interest;	
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	1.1 shall be objective and truthful in writing professional reports, issuing statements or submitting testimony. They shall include all relevant and pertinent information in such reports, statements or testimony 7 Engineers shall give evidence, express opinions or make statements in an objective and truthful manner 7.1 Engineers' professional reports, statements or testimony before any tribunal shall be objective and such opinions shall be expressed only on the basis of adequate knowledge and technical competence in the area, but this does not preclude a considered judgment based intuitively on experience and wide relevant knowledge.	7.2 Engineers shall reveal the existence of any interest, pecuniary or otherwise that could be taken to affect their judgment in a technical matter about which they are making a statement or giving evidence.	6. Engineers shall apply their skills and knowledge in the interest of their employer or client for whom they shall act, in professional matters, as faithful agents or trustees, so far as they do not conflict with the other requirements listed here and the general public interest.	1.4 Shall not participate in assignments that would create conflict of interest between their clients / employers and the public and shall advise the client of their concerns. 6.1 Shall at all times avoid all known or potential conflicts of interest that involve the engineer himself. They should keep their employers or clients fully informed on all matters, including financial interests, which could lead to such a conflict, and under no circumstances should they participate in any decision which could involve them in conflict of interest	6.7 Shall advise their clients or employers when as a result of their studies they believe that a project will not be viable
Japan Society of Civil Engineers	5. Guard their integrity and avoid any conflicts of interest. Be fair and unbiased in all their interactions with the people, their clients, the organizations for which they work, as well as themselves, faithfully and honestly discharging their duties and avoiding any conflicts of interest.		4. Fulfill their professional responsibilities. Recognize the essentially social significance of their work and thus endeavor to fulfill their duty to society.	6. Guard their integrity and avoid any conflicts of interest. Be fair and unbiased in all their interactions with the people, their clients, the organizations for which they work, as well as themselves, faithfully and honestly discharging their duties and avoiding any conflicts of interest.	
Pakistan Engineering Council	- be realistic and honest in all estimates, reports, statements and testimony and shall carry out his professional duties without fear or favor; 7. A member shall express an opinion of an engineering subject only when founded on adequate knowledge, experience and honest conviction.		- be honest, impartial and serve the country, his employer, clients and the public at large with devotion; 3. A member shall be guided in all professional matters by the highest standards of integrity and act as a faithful agent or a trustee for each of his client and employer. - advise his client or employer honestly about the viability of the project entrusted to him;	3. A member shall not accept any other employment to the detriment of his regular work or interest without the consent of his employer; 12. A member shall not utilize equipment, supplies, laboratory or office facilities of his employer or client for the purpose of private practice without his consent.	
South African Institution of Civil Engineering	Members should reject any principle, proposal, action or thing which may prejudice independent and impartial judgement		Members must discharge their professional responsibilities with integrity... Members should not allow the serving of a client's or community's needs to take precedence over the needs of the wider Society	Members should avoid conflicts of interest.	

AAES Member Society	Confidentiality	Merits/Fair Competition	Credit to Others	Criticism of/Interference with Others	Accepting Criticism/Mistakes
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)					
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*			7. Seek, accept, and offer, according to the case, honest and constructive criticism of professional issues and, at the same time, recognize your own mistakes and give credit to the contributions of others.	9. Avoid acts or expressions that are malicious or unfounded that may damage the reputation, employment, or patrimony of other people.	7. Seek, accept, and offer, according to the case, honest and constructive criticism of professional issues and, at the same time, recognize your own mistakes and give credit to the contributions of others.
Colombian Society of Engineers		3. ... Work based on your merits, seeking to enhance your prestige, dignity, and good name. 5. Reject practices of unfair competition or remuneration other than those agreed fees...	4. ... Respect intellectual property and the work of third parties.	4. Proceed with honesty in the criticism of technical works and clearly explain the problems and their possible consequences....	4... Recognize and correct errors...
Engineers Australia	1.2 • respect confidentiality obligations, express or implied	2.2 Represent areas of competence objectively • neither falsify nor misrepresent qualifications, grades of membership, experience or prior responsibilities	1.2 • give proper credit to those to whom proper credit is due	1.2 • accept, as well as give, honest and fair criticism	1.2 • accept, as well as give, honest and fair criticism • be prepared to explain your work and reasoning
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers	3.8 safeguard confidential information in relation to his employer or client and not disclose such information to third parties without his employer's or client's written consent. A member shall not receive any gift, entertainment, payment or service from third parties for disclosing such information nor make use of it for personal gain	1.2 not allow himself to be advertised in self-laudatory language nor in any manner derogatory to the dignity of his profession, nor improperly solicit professional work for himself or others;	2.1 where appropriate seek, accept and offer honest criticism of work and properly credit the contributions of others;	2. A member of the Institution shall not maliciously or recklessly injure nor attempt to injure whether directly or indirectly the professional reputation of another engineer, and shall foster the mutual advancement of the profession 2.1. where appropriate seek, accept and offer honest criticism of work and properly credit the contributions of others;	2.1. where appropriate seek, accept and offer honest criticism of work and properly credit the contributions of others;
Institution of Civil Engineers	1... Have due regard to their duty of confidentiality in relation to all parties with whom they have or have had dealings as part of their professional duty, including past employers or past clients.	1... When competing with another person, and when taking actions likely to adversely affect the professional, business or other interests of another person, members must not act maliciously or recklessly. Members must not make any untrue or misleading statements in job applications, Curricula Vitae, applications for admission to any grade of ICE membership or grade of membership of any other professional body, and applications for admission to any academic body or institution or for any course of study. In some circumstances this might constitute criminal deception, thus rendering the guilty person liable to prosecution and a criminal conviction. Members must not collude with, or fail to exercise reasonable care in relation to, any form of untrue or misleading job application, or any application for admission to any grade of ICE membership or grade of membership of any other professional body, e.g. when acting as a sponsor or referee. References must only be given where the referee is sufficiently familiar with the person to be able to vouch for them authoritatively. To provide a reference where this is not the case, or which is in any way untruthful or misleading, will breach this Rule.	1... Members must not be guilty of any form of plagiarism. "Plagiarism" is using the work of others but presenting it without permission, acknowledgement or reference as if it were the person's original work, e.g. copying electronically by 'cut and paste' from the source document. It will include the use of such material as written text, statistics or similar data, diagrams or illustrations, and photographs. Examples of where plagiarism might occur are as follows: reports and publications of any kind including articles and books; and course work or answers in examination papers submitted for academic or professional qualifications. This will include the use of 'model' reports, and 'model' answers to examination questions, where text is copied and used verbatim or with minor alteration. •Members must not collude with any form of plagiarism and they must exercise reasonable care in relation to evidence of any form of plagiarism. 2... Where appropriate, this may include access to the knowledge and experience of others, or access to other relevant sources of knowledge, in addition to the member's own knowledge and experience. In so doing, they must pay due regard to the laws on copyright and other rights of intellectual property.	1. When competing with another person, and when taking actions likely to adversely affect the professional, business or other interests of another person, members must not act maliciously or recklessly.	
Institution of Engineers (India)	4.2 should maintain confidentiality of any information with utmost sincerity unless expressly permitted to disclose such information or unless such permission, if withheld, may adversely affect the welfare, health and safety of the community;	2.5 A Corporate Member shall not falsify or misrepresent his own or his associates' qualifications, experience, etc. 4.5 should compete on the basis of merit alone;		2.8 A Corporate Member shall not directly or indirectly injure the professional reputation of another member.	
Institution of Engineers Rwanda	2.3.j. May not, unless required by law or by other Rules, disclose any information of a confidential nature which he/she obtained in the exercise of his/her duties;	2.3.i. May neither personally nor through any other person, improperly seek to obtain work, or by way of commission or otherwise, make or offer to make payment to a client or prospective client for obtaining such work 2.3.g. May not knowingly misrepresent, or permit misrepresentation of his/her own academic or professional qualifications or competency or those of any other person involved with work, nor knowingly exaggerate his/her own degree of responsibility for any work or that of any person		2.3.b. May not, whether practicing his/her profession or otherwise, knowingly injure the professional reputation or business of any other Registered Member;	
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	6.8 Shall neither disclose nor use confidential information gained in the course of their employment without express permission, except where public interest and safety are involved.	4. Engineers shall build their reputation on merit and shall not compete unfairly 4.3 Shall neither falsify nor misrepresent their own or other's qualifications, experience and prior responsibilities 4.5 Shall not use the advantage of a privileged position to compete unfairly with other engineers.	4.7 Shall give proper credit for professional work to those to whom credit is due 4. 8 Shall not resort to any form of plagiarism in their work. This includes use of such materials as written text, statistics or similar data, diagrams, illustrations and photographs in reports, publications, examination answers, coursework submitted for academic or professional qualifications etc., without permission, acknowledgement or reference, as if it is the person's own work. 4.9 Shall act with due regard to intellectual property rights of others in their work	4.4 Shall respect others and not maliciously do anything to tarnish, directly or indirectly, the reputation, prospects or business of others. 4.6 Shall exercise due restraint in explaining their own work and shall refrain from unfair criticism of the work of other engineers.	
Japan Society of Civil Engineers			7. Make known the results of their research endeavors. Publish their findings and policy recommendations with research papers and reports in conformity with both their scientific convictions and their own consciences, sharing these with both their professional colleagues and the people, always mindful of objective facts and the intellectual achievements of others.		
Pakistan Engineering Council	9. A member shall not disclose confidential information concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former client or employer without his consent.	5. A member shall avoid all acts or practices likely to discredit the dignity or honor of the profession and for that purpose he shall not advertise his professional services in a manner derogatory to the dignity of the profession - A member shall not allow himself to be listed for employment using exaggerated statements of his qualifications. 12. A member shall not compete unfairly with another member or engineer by attempting to obtain employment, professional engagements or personal gains by taking advantage of his superior position or by criticizing other engineers or by any other improper means or methods.	- A member may write articles for recognized publications but such articles should be dignified, free from ostentations or laudatory implications, based on factual conclusions and should not imply other than his direct participation in the work described unless credit is given to others for their share of the work. 15. A member shall give credit for engineering work to those to whom credit is due, recognize the proprietary interests of others and disclose the name of a person or persons who may be responsible for his designs, inventions, specifications, writings, or other accomplishments.	13. A member shall not attempt to injure, maliciously or falsely, directly or indirectly, the professional reputation, prospects, practices or employment of another engineer or member.	- admit and accept his own errors when proved and shall refrain from distorting or altering the facts justifying his decision or action;
South African Institution of Civil Engineering		Members should not misrepresent their areas or levels of experience and responsibility			

AAES Member Society	Fraud, Bribery, Violation of Laws	Gratuities/Payments from Other Parties	Honor, Integrity, Reputation of Profession
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)	1.2 Engineers know the relevant laws and regulations of their countries. They honour them insofar as they do not contradict universal ethical principles. They are committed to applying them in their professional environment. Beyond such application they invest their professional and critical competencies into improving and developing further these laws and regulations. 3.3 In all countries, national laws and regulations exist which concern technology use, working conditions, and the natural environment. Engineers are aware of the relevance of engineering ethics for these laws and regulations.... Concerning national laws, the sequence of priorities is as follows: national laws have priority over professional regulations, such professional regulations have priority over individual contracts.		
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*	4. Reject any type of bribery or pressure that tends to bias your judgments and acts, or that seems to do so		11 Actively contribute to the prestige, reliability and good image of the profession, and if necessary, protect the reputation of the profession by exposing, before the corresponding incidents of the College, with due foundation, violations of this Code of Professional Ethics of which you have knowledge
Colombian Society of Engineers	7. Report any form of corruption or illegal practice in the exercise of your profession.	5. Reject practices of unfair competition or remuneration other than those agreed fees...	5. Reject practices of unfair competition or remuneration other than those agreed fees; and never affect the reputation of colleagues or the good name of engineering.
Engineers Australia	1.2 • do not engage in fraudulent, corrupt, or criminal conduct		1. Demonstrate integrity 3.1 Uphold the reputation and trustworthiness of the practice of engineering • advocate and support the extension of ethical practice
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers		3.6 neither give nor accept any gift, entertainment, payment or service of more than nominal value, to or from those having a business relationship with his employer or client without the consent of the latter	1. A member of the Institution shall order his conduct so as to uphold the dignity, standing and reputation of the Profession.
Institution of Civil Engineers	1....Members must not have any form of involvement, whether direct or indirect, and whether for the benefit of the member, the member's employer, or a third party, in bribery, extortion, fraud, deception, collusion or any other corrupt activity. Members must be especially rigorous when operating in countries where the offering and accepting of inducements and favours, or the inflation and falsification of claims, is endemic. Members must report in accordance with their employing organisation's instructions or code of conduct what they know of any corrupt activity in which their employing organisation has become engaged. Members must not ignore wrong-doing and must not act with 'wilful blindness'. Members who are senior managers or senior officers in an organisation must properly investigate any suspicion of corruption of which they become aware and for which their organisation may be responsible, and must in all other ways act with reasonable care in relation to evidence of such corruption. Above all, members must not act with 'wilful blindness' 3... All laws and regulations on health and safety must be obeyed. Members must act with due regard to international law.	1....Members must not have any form of involvement, whether direct or indirect, and whether for the benefit of the member, the member's employer, or a third party, in bribery, extortion, fraud, deception, collusion or any other corrupt activity. Members must be especially rigorous when operating in countries where the offering and accepting of inducements and favours, or the inflation and falsification of claims, is endemic.	1. All members shall discharge their professional duties with integrity and shall behave with integrity in relation to all conduct bearing upon the standing, reputation and dignity of the Institution and of the profession of civil engineering.
Institution of Engineers (India)		should neither solicit nor accept financial or other considerations from anyone related to a project or assignment of which he is in the charge;4.4 should neither pay nor offer direct or indirect inducements to secure work;	2.2 A Corporate Member shall maintain the honour, integrity and dignity in all his professional actions to be worthy of the trust of the community and the profession. 2.11 A Corporate Member shall not act in any manner which may injure the reputation of the Institution or which may cause any damage to the Institution financially or otherwise.
Institution of Engineers Rwanda	2.3.c. Must not engage in any act of dishonesty, corruption or bribery;	2.3.e. May not, either directly or indirectly, receive any gratuity, or commission or other financial benefit on any article or process used in or for the purpose of the work in respect of which he/she is employed, unless such gratuity, commission or other financial benefit has been authorized in writing by the employer or client concerned; i. May neither personally nor through any other person, improperly seek to obtain work, or by way of commission or otherwise, make or offer to make payment to a client or prospective client for obtaining such work;	2.3 Dignity of the Profession Every Member of IER: a. Must order his/her conduct so as to uphold the dignity, standing and reputation of the profession and Institution in general;
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	2.1 Shall not involve themselves with any business or professional practice, which they know to be fraudulent or dishonest in nature.	4.1 Shall neither pay nor offer, directly or indirectly, inducements to others. 6.3 Shall not accept compensation, financial or otherwise from more than one party for services on the same project, unless the circumstances are fully disclosed and agreed to, by all interested parties 6.4 Shall neither solicit nor accept financial or other valuable consideration, including free engineering designs, from material or equipment suppliers for specifying their products (except such designs obtained with the knowledge and consent of the employer or client) 6.5 Shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, directly or indirectly from contractors or their agents, or other parties dealing with their clients or employers in connection with work for which they are responsible. 6.6 Shall not accept a commission, fee, reward or other benefit from a Third Party, while advising a client.	2 Engineers shall always act in such a manner as to uphold and enhance the honour, integrity and dignity of the profession while safeguarding public interest at all times 2.2 Shall not associate with other persons, corporations or partnerships to conceal unethical acts. 2.3 Shall not continue in partnership with, or act in professional matters with any engineer who has been removed from membership of this Institution because of improper conduct.
Japan Society of Civil Engineers	9. Comply with established norms. Carry out their work in full understanding of all laws, rules, and regulations as well as of well-founded principles, actively and willingly taking the lead in the observance of societal standards and seeking to improve them in response to both social and technological change.		
Pakistan Engineering Council	14. A member shall not associate with or allow the use of his name by an enterprise of questionable character nor will he become professionally associated with engineers who do not conform to ethical practices or with persons not legally qualified to tender the professional service for which the association is intended. <input type="checkbox"/> A member shall strictly comply with the bye-laws, orders and instructions issued by the Pakistan Engineering Council from time to time in professional practice and shall not use the association with a non-engineering corporation, or partnership as a cloak for any unethical act or acts.	11. A member shall not accept compensation, financial or otherwise, from more than one party for the same service, or for services pertaining to the same work unless all interested parties give their consent to such compensation. - A member shall not accept: financial or other considerations, including free engineering design, from material or equipment suppliers for specifying their products; and commissions or allowances, directly or indirectly, from contractors or other parties dealing with his clients or employer in connection with work for which he is professionally responsible.	be honest, impartial and serve the country, his employer, clients and the public at large with devotion; not endeavor to promote his personal interest at the expense of the dignity and integrity of the profession.
South African Institution of Civil Engineering	Members must not agree to or comply with any instructions requiring dishonest action or the disregard of established norms of safety or levels of risk in design and construction Members must understand and comply with the laws of the communities within which they practise and with International law	Member should reject any principle, proposal, action or thing which may prejudice independent and impartial judgement	Members must discharge their professional responsibilities with integrity...

AAES Member Society	Personal Professional Development	Professional Development of Others in Profession	Inclusion/Discrimination/ Harassment	Extending the Public Knowledge of Science/Technology
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)	3.1 Engineers are committed to keeping up and continually developing further their professional skills and competencies.	3.5 Engineers are committed to educational activities in schools, universities, enterprises and professional institutions with the aims of promoting and structuring technology education, and enhancing ethical reflection on technology.		3.5 Engineers are committed to educational activities in schools, universities, enterprises and professional institutions with the aims of promoting and structuring technology education, and enhancing ethical reflection on technology.
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*	6. Maintain and continually improve your skills ...	10. Support the Mexican institutions that train civil engineers in their education, as well as colleagues and collaborators in their professional development and in their commitment to the standards of this code.	8. Deal with respect, justice, and equality to all people, without distinction for gender, ethnicity, capacity, social position, ideology, age, religion or nationality.	
Colombian Society of Engineers				
Engineers Australia	2.1 Maintain and develop knowledge and skills • continue to develop relevant knowledge and expertise	2.1 • support the ongoing development of others	1.3 Respect the dignity of all persons • treat others with courtesy and without discrimination or harassment • apply knowledge and skills without bias in respect of race, religion, gender, age, sexual orientation, marital or family status, national origin, or mental or physical handicaps 3.2 Support and encourage diversity • select, and provide opportunities for, all engineering practitioners on the basis of merit • promote diversity in engineering leadership	
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers	1.5 ensure adequate development of his professional competence;	1.6 accept responsibility for his actions and ensure that persons to whom he delegates authority are sufficiently competent to carry the associated responsibility; 2.2 seek to further the interchange of information and experience with other engineers 2.3 assist and support colleagues and engineering trainees in their professional development;	1.8. treat colleagues and co-workers fairly and not misuse the advantage of position;	4.3 seek to extend public understanding of the engineering profession;
Institution of Civil Engineers	5. All members shall develop their professional knowledge, skills and competence on a continuing basis and shall give all reasonable assistance to further the education, training and continuing professional development of others. All members have a duty to improve and update technical knowledge, and to keep abreast of relevant developments, including new or changed statutory provisions.	5... Every member has a duty to be pro-active in the training and continuing professional development of others, especially those for whom the member has line management responsibility.	Members must show due consideration for other colleagues and for other persons with whom they have dealings in the course of their professional duties. Members must treat all persons with respect and without bias. Members must never behave in a way that discriminates against persons because of their race, gender, disability, sexual orientation, age, religion, or country of origin. Members must not treat anyone more favourably because of their race, nationality, country of origin, religion, gender, status, or because they are related to the member or have family connections with the member. In their professional dealings, members must treat everyone the same and must be fair to all.	
Institution of Engineers (India)			3.1 A common tie exists among the humanity and that The Institution of Engineers (India) derives its value from the people, so that the actions of its Corporate Members should indicate the member's highest regard for equality of opportunity, social justice and fairness	
Institution of Engineers Rwanda				
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	8. Engineers shall continue their professional development throughout their careers and shall actively assist and encourage engineers under their direction to advance their knowledge and experience.	8. Engineers shall continue their professional development throughout their careers and shall actively assist and encourage engineers under their direction to advance their knowledge and experience. 8.1 Shall encourage their professional employees and subordinates to further their education. 8.2 Shall take a positive interest in and encourage their fellow engineers actively to support the Institution and other bodies, which further the general interest of the profession		1.6. Shall contribute to public discussion on engineering matters in their areas of competence; if they consider that by so doing they can constructively advance the wellbeing of the community.
Japan Society of Civil Engineers	8. Strive for self-improvement and human-resource development. Cultivate and nurture their virtues, general knowledge and professional competence, pursue scientific endeavors in the realms of both scientific and practical theories for the sake of technological advances, and put to use their individual abilities, experience, and merits for the education and training of engineers.	7. Make known the results of their research endeavors. Publish their findings and policy recommendations with research papers and reports in conformity with both their scientific convictions and their own consciences, sharing these with both their professional colleagues and the people, always mindful of objective facts and the intellectual achievements of others. 8. Strive for self-improvement and human-resource development. Cultivate and nurture their virtues, general knowledge and professional competence, pursue scientific endeavors in the realms of both scientific and practical theories for the sake of technological advances, and put to use their individual abilities, experience, and merits for the education and training of engineers.		6. Openly provide information and engage in public dialog. For the sake of the general welfare, be pro-active in sharing their expertise and knowledge in their endeavors and communicate in an open exchange of views with the people.
Pakistan Engineering Council		- strive to increase the competence and prestige of the engineering profession; 16. A member shall disseminate professional knowledge by interchanging information and experience with other members or engineers and students to provide them opportunity for the professional development and advancement of engineers under his supervision. A member shall encourage his engineering employees to improve their knowledge, attend and present papers at professional meetings and provide a prospective engineering employee with complete information on working conditions and his proposed status of employment and after employment keep him informed of any change in such conditions.		6. A member shall endeavor to extend public knowledge and appreciation of engineering profession, propagate the achievements of the profession and protect it from misrepresentation and misunderstanding.
South African Institution of Civil Engineering	Members shall continue the development of their own and the profession's knowledge, skill and expertise in the art and science of civil engineering and technology, and share and exchange advances for the benefit of society Members should maintain and broaden their competence, and assist others to do so Members should seek and encourage excellence in their own and others' practise of the art and science of civil engineering and technology	Members shall continue the development of their own and the profession's knowledge, skill and expertise in the art and science of civil engineering and technology, and share and exchange advances for the benefit of society Members should maintain and broaden their competence, and assist others to do so Members should contribute to the collective wisdom of the profession and the art of civil engineering and technology in which they practice Members should seek and encourage excellence in their own and others' practise of the art and science of civil engineering and technology	Members should treat people with dignity and have consideration for the values and cultural sensitivities of all groups within the community who could be affected by their work	

AAES Member Society	Serving as an Expert Witness (see also Objectivity and Truthfulness)	Signing/Sealing of Plans	Supplanting/Price Restrictions (not likely to be found in US codes due to antitrust concerns)	Employee Safety, Compensation, etc.
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)				
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*				
Colombian Society of Engineers				
Engineers Australia				
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers				
Institution of Civil Engineers	1. When acting as expert witnesses, members must ensure that the testimony they give is both independent and impartial. In such a role, members must be mindful that their prime duty is to the Court or Tribunal, not to the client who engaged them to give evidence, and they should not give any professional opinion that does not accurately reflect their honest professional judgement or belief. To do otherwise would not only place members in danger of perjury but would clearly breach the requirement in the Rules of Professional Conduct to discharge their professional duties with integrity.		1... Members must not, directly or indirectly, improperly attempt to supplant another person, and must take all reasonable steps to establish that any previous engagement in relation to the project they are to enter into has been terminated	1... Take all reasonable steps to protect the health and safety of members of the public and of those engaged in the project.
Institution of Engineers (India)	2.7 A Corporate Member shall maintain utmost honesty and fairness in making statements or giving witness and shall do so on the basis of adequate knowledge. 4.8 should make statements or give evidence before a tribunal or a court of law in an objective and accurate manner and express any opinion on the basis of adequate knowledge and competence 4.9 should reveal the existence of any interest – pecuniary or otherwise – which may affect the judgement while giving an evidence or making a statement.			
Institution of Engineers Rwanda		2.6.c. May not issue any information in respect of work prepared by him/her or by any other person under his/her span of control, unless; i. Such information bears the name of the organization concerned; and ii. Information so issued is dated and signed by the registered member concerned or another appropriately qualified and authorized person.	2.3 d. May not knowingly attempt to take over the work of a colleague for the same client, unless satisfied, as far as reasonably possible, that the connection of that colleague with the work has been formally terminated and the colleague has been notified.	
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	7. Engineers shall give evidence, express opinions or make statements in an objective and truthful manner 7.1 Engineers' professional reports, statements or testimony before any tribunal shall be objective and such opinions shall be expressed only on the basis of adequate knowledge and technical competence in the area, but this does not preclude a considered judgment based intuitively on experience and wide relevant knowledge	5.2 Shall not affix their signature to any designs or documents dealing with subject matter in which they lack competence, or to any plan or document not prepared under their direction or control. 6.9 Shall not complete, sign, or seal designs and/or specifications that are not safe to the public health and welfare and in conformity with accepted engineering standards. If the client or employer insists on such unprofessional conduct, they shall notify the proper authorities and withdraw from further service on the project.	4.2 Shall not attempt to supplant another engineer, employed or consulting, who has been appointed, without his consent	2.4 Shall promote the principle of engagement of engineers upon the basis of merit. 2.5 Shall uphold the principle of adequate and appropriate remuneration for professional engineering staff in keeping with their qualifications and market price
Japan Society of Civil Engineers				
Pakistan Engineering Council		- not undertake, prepare, sign, approve or authenticate any plan, design or specifications which are not safe for the safety, health, welfare of a person or persons, or are not in conformity with the accepted engineering standards and if any client or an employer insists on such unprofessional conduct, he shall notify the authorities concerned and withdraw from further service on the project	10. A member shall uphold the principles of appropriate and adequate compensation for those engaged in engineering work and for that purpose he shall not undertake or agree to perform any engineering service free except for civic, charitable, religious, or non-profit organizations or institutions; [or] undertake professional engineering work at a remuneration below the accepted standards of the profession in the discipline 12. An engineer shall not attempt to supplant another engineer in a particular employment after becoming aware that definite steps have been taken towards other's employment A members shall not accept part-time engineering work at a fee or remuneration less than that of the recognized standard for a similar work and without the consent of his employer if he is already in another employment.	3. not attempt to attract an engineer from another employer by false or misleading pretenses not restrain an employee from obtaining a better position with another employer; 10. A member shall offer remuneration commensuration with the qualifications and experience of an engineer employed by him.
South African Institution of Civil Engineering				

AAES Member Society	Dignity/Restraint in Describing Work	Reporting a Member's Ethics Violations to the Society	Projects Outside Area of Competence	Reviewing Another's Work	Work Outside of the Jurisdiction
Association of Engineers in Germany (VDI)					
College of Civil Engineers of Mexico*		...protect the reputation of the profession by exposing, before the corresponding incidents of the College, with due foundation, violations of this Code of Professional Ethics of which you have knowledge			
Colombian Society of Engineers					
Engineers Australia					
Hong Kong Institution of Engineers		2.5 not maliciously or falsely injure the professional reputation, prospects or practice of another member provided however that he shall bring to the notice of the Institution any evidence of unethical, illegal or unfair professional practice;			1.9. when working in a country other than Hong Kong order his conduct according to the existing recognised standards of conduct in that country, except that he should abide by these rules as applicable in the absence of local standards; 1.10 when working within the field of another profession pay due attention to the ethics of that profession.
Institution of Civil Engineers	1... Members must not make any untrue or misleading statements in job applications, Curricula Vitae, applications for admission to any grade of ICE membership or grade of membership of any other professional body, and applications for admission to any academic body or institution or for any course of study.	6. Promptly notify the Institution where the member, in good faith, believes there has been a significant breach of the Rules of Professional Conduct by another member	2. They must ensure that, having regard to the nature and extent of their involvement in a project, they have the relevant knowledge and expertise. Where appropriate, this may include access to the knowledge and experience of others, or access to other relevant sources of knowledge, in addition to the member's own knowledge and experience. In so doing, they must pay due regard to the laws on copyright and other rights of intellectual property. They must disclose, where appropriate, any relevant limitations upon their competence.	1. When commenting on another person's work, members must advise that person of their involvement, except for routine or statutory checks or where the member's client or employer requires confidentiality	
Institution of Engineers (India)				4.7 should, if asked by the employer or a client, to review the work of another person or organisation, discuss the review with the other person or organisation to arrive at a balanced opinion;	
Institution of Engineers Rwanda		2.3.k. Must notify the President of the Institution immediately if he/she becomes aware of a violation of this Code of ethics by any other Registered Person;		2.3.e. May not review for a particular client, work of another registered member, except: i. With the prior knowledge of the other registered member, who must be afforded a reasonable opportunity to submit comments to the client on the findings of the Review; or ii. After receipt of a notification in writing from the client that the engagement of the other Registered Person has been terminated; or iii. Where the review is intended for purposes of a court of law or other legal proceedings	2.6.d. Must order his/her conduct in connection with work outside the borders of the Republic of Rwanda in accordance with these rules in as far as they are not inconsistent with the law of the Country concerned, provided that where there are recognized standards of professional conduct in a country outside Rwanda, they must adhere to those standards in as far as they are not inconsistent with these rules
Institution of Engineers Sri Lanka	4.6 Shall exercise due restraint in explaining their own work and shall refrain from unfair criticism of the work of other engineers.		5.1 Shall undertake assignments only when qualified by education and experience in the specific technical fields involved. If an assignment requires qualifications and experience outside their fields of competence they shall engage competent professionals with necessary qualifications and experience and keep the employers and clients informed of such arrangements		
Japan Society of Civil Engineers					
Pakistan Engineering Council	A member may write articles for recognized publications but such articles should be dignified, free from ostentations or laudatory implications, based on factual conclusions and should not imply other than his direct participation in the work described unless credit is given to others for their share of the work.	18. A member shall report unethical professional practices of an engineer or a member with substantiating data to the Pakistan Engineering Council and appear as a witness, if required.		13. A member engaged in private practice shall not review the work of another engineer for the same client, except with knowledge of such engineer or, unless the connection of such engineer with work has been terminated; provided that a member shall be entitled to review and evaluate the work of other engineers when so required by his employment duties.	17. A member employed abroad shall order his conduct according to this Code, so far as this is applicable, and the laws and regulations of the country of his employment.
South African Institution of Civil Engineering					

*Prepared by Tara Hoke, ASCE General Counsel. Last updated 8/2019.