

Summary of US Engineering Societies' Codes of Ethics

Engineering Society	Structure	Public Health, Safety, and Welfare	Sustainability/Environment/Resilience	Disclosure of Concerns to Clients	Disclosure of Concerns to Authorities
AIAA – American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics	10 Canons, Guidelines to Practice [Last update: 2013]	1. Hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public in the performance of their duties.		2c. Report to employers, clients, or government, as appropriate, any matters believed to represent a contravention of law, regulation, health, safety or ethical standards.	1c. Report suspected violations of this element of the code to the proper authority and cooperate in furnishing further information and assistance as required.
AIChE - American Institute of Chemical Engineers	Bulleated list of provisions [Last update: 2015]	1. Hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public and protect the environment in performance of their professional duties.	1. Hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public and protect the environment in performance of their professional duties.	2. Formally advise their employers or clients (and consider further disclosure, if warranted) if they perceive that a consequence of their duties will adversely affect the present or future health or safety of their colleagues or the public.	2. Formally advise their employers or clients (and consider further disclosure, if warranted) if they perceive that a consequence of their duties will adversely affect the present or future health or safety of their colleagues or the public.
ANS - American Nuclear Society	Fundamental Principle, 12 Practices [As adopted: 2003]	1. We hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public and fellow workers...	1. ...work to protect the environment, and strive to comply with the principles of sustainable development in the performance of our professional duties	2. We will formally advise our employers, clients, or any appropriate authority and, if warranted, consider further disclosure, if and when we perceive that pursuit of our professional duties might have adverse consequences for the present or future public and fellow worker health and safety or the environment.	2. We will formally advise our employers, clients, or any appropriate authority and, if warranted, consider further disclosure, if and when we perceive that pursuit of our professional duties might have adverse consequences for the present or future public and fellow worker health and safety or the environment. 3. We act in accordance with all applicable laws and these Practices, lend support to others who strive to do likewise, and report violations to appropriate authorities.
ASCE - American Society of Civil Engineers	Fundamental Principles, 8 Canons, Guidelines to Practice [Last updated: 2017]	1. Engineers shall hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public...	1. Engineers shall... strive to comply with the principles of sustainable development in the performance of their professional duties.	1c. Engineers whose professional judgment is overruled under circumstances where the safety, health and welfare of the public are endangered, or the principles of sustainable development ignored, shall inform their clients or employers of the possible consequences.	1d. Engineers who have knowledge or reason to believe that another person or firm may be in violation of any of the provisions of Canon 1 shall present such information to the proper authority in writing and shall cooperate with the proper authority in furnishing such further information or assistance as may be required.
ASME - American Society of Mechanical Engineers	Fundamental Principles, 10 Canons, Criteria for Interpretation [[Last update: 1998]	1. Engineers shall hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public in the performance of their professional duties.	8. Engineers shall consider environmental impact and sustainable development in the performance of their professional duties. 8a. Engineers shall concern themselves with the impact of their plans and designs on the environment. 8b. Engineers shall consider development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.	1c. Whenever the Engineers' professional judgments are over-ruled under circumstances where the safety, health, and welfare of the public are endangered, the Engineers shall inform their clients and/or employers of the possible consequences.	1d. If engineers have knowledge of or reason to believe that another person or firm may be in violation of any of the provisions of these Canons, they shall present such information to the proper authority in writing and shall cooperate with the proper authority in furnishing such further information or assistance as may be required. 8a. ...concern themselves with the impact of their plans and designs on the environment. When the impact is a clear threat to health or safety of the public, then the guidelines for this Canon revert to those of Canon 1. 8b. When the impact of the trade-off between economic, ecological, and social issues forms a clear threat to health or safety of the public, then the guidelines for this Canon revert to those of Canon 1.
IEEE - Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	10 Canons [Last update: 2017]	1 to hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public, to strive to comply with ethical design and sustainable development practices, and to disclose promptly factors that might endanger the public or the environment;	1 ..., to strive to comply with ethical design and sustainable development practices, and to disclose promptly factors that might endanger the public or the environment;	1. ... to disclose promptly factors that might endanger the public or the environment	1. ... to disclose promptly factors that might endanger the public or the environment
ISA - International Society of Automation	Preamble, 12 Articles [Originally Adopted: 1986]	1... hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public in the performance of their duties, and shall notify our employer or client and such other authority as may be appropriate where such obligations are abused.		1 ...hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public in the performance of their duties, and shall notify our employer or client and such other authority as may be appropriate where such obligations are abused.	1 ...hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public in the performance of their duties, and shall notify our employer or client and such other authority as may be appropriate where such obligations are abused.
ITE – Institute of Transportation Engineers	Preamble, 22 Canons [Last update: 2017]	1. The member will have due regard for the safety, health and welfare of the public in the performance of professional duties. 13. The member will guard against conditions that are dangerous or threatening to life, limb, or property on work for which the member is responsible, or, if not responsible, will promptly call such conditions to the attention of those who are responsible.	3. The member will strive to improve the public's quality of life through an economically, socially and environmentally sound transportation system that supports a sustainable society. 4. The member will consider the need for resilience in the design and operations of the transportation system, as a means of enhancing society's ability to respond and recover from economic, technological, or physical interruption of varying durations.	12. The member will indicate to employer or client the adverse consequences to be expected by overruling professional judgment. 13. The member will guard against conditions that are dangerous or threatening to life, limb, or property on work for which the member is responsible, or, if not responsible, will promptly call such conditions to the attention of those who are responsible.	13. The member will guard against conditions that are dangerous or threatening to life, limb, or property on work for which the member is responsible, or, if not responsible, will promptly call such conditions to the attention of those who are responsible.
NCEES - National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (model rules)	3 Subheadings, Canons under Each [Originally Adopted: 1990]	A 1. Licensees shall be cognizant that their first and foremost responsibility is to the health, safety, and welfare of the public when performing services for clients and employers.		A 3. Licensees shall notify their employer or client and such other authority as may be appropriate when their professional judgment is overruled when the health, safety, or welfare of the public is endangered.	A3. Licensees shall notify their employer or client and such other authority as may be appropriate when their professional judgment is overruled when the health, safety, or welfare of the public is endangered. A8. Licensees who have knowledge or reason to believe that any person or firm has violated any rules or laws applying to the practice of engineering or surveying shall report it to the board, may report it to appropriate legal authorities, and shall cooperate with the board and those authorities as requested.
NSPE - National Society of Professional Engineers	6 Fundamental Canons, Rules and Obligations [[Last update: 2019]	II.1a. Engineers shall hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public.	III.2c: Engineers are encouraged to adhere to the principles of sustainable development in order to protect the environment for future generations	II.1a. If engineers' judgment is overruled under circumstances that endanger life or property, they shall notify their employer or client and such other authority as may be appropriate.	II.1a. If engineers' judgment is overruled under circumstances that endanger life or property, they shall notify their employer or client and such other authority as may be appropriate. II.1f. Engineers having knowledge of any alleged violation of this Code shall report thereon to appropriate professional bodies and, when relevant, also to public authorities, and cooperate with the proper authorities in furnishing such information or assistance as may be required. III.2b. Engineers shall not complete, sign, or seal plans and/or specifications that are not in conformity with applicable engineering standards. If the client or employer insists on such unprofessional conduct, they shall notify the proper authorities and withdraw from further service on the project.
NSPS – National Society of Professional Surveyors	Creed and 7 Canons	I pledge... to place service before profit, honor and standing of the profession before personal advantage, and the public welfare above all other considerations. 1. A Professional Surveyor should refrain from conduct that is detrimental to the public.			
SME – Society for Mining, Metallurgy, and Exploration	Preamble, 8 Canons, Interpretations [Originally Adopted: 2006]	1. The first responsibility and the highest duty of members shall at all times be the welfare, health and safety of the community.		1d: shall in the course of the member's professional life endeavor to promote the wellbeing of the community and, if the member's judgment is overruled in a particular instance, inform the client or employer of the possible consequences...	1d.if the member's judgment is overruled in a particular instance, inform the client or employer of the possible consequences (and, if appropriate under the circumstances, notify the proper authority of the situation)
SPE – Society of Petroleum Engineers	Preamble, Fundamental Principles, 12 Canons [Last update: 2013]	Fundamental Principle: ... accept a personal responsibility for adherence to applicable laws, the protection of the environment, and safeguarding the public welfare in their professional actions and behavior.	Fundamental Principle: accept a personal responsibility for adherence to applicable laws, the protection of the environment... 10. Seek to adopt technical and economic measures to render potentially adverse impacts to environment or the health, safety, and security of the public as low as reasonably practicable	9. When perceiving a consequence of their professional duties to adversely affect the present or future public health and safety, shall formally advise their employers or clients, and subordinates and, if warranted, consider further disclosure to appropriate parties.	9. When perceiving a consequence of their professional duties to adversely affect the present or future public health and safety, shall formally advise their employers or clients, and subordinates and, if warranted, consider further disclosure to appropriate parties.

Society	Competency	Objectivity, Honesty, Truthfulness	Duty to Employers/Clients	Conflicts of Interest/Disclosure	Confidentiality
AIAA	8 Undertake only those technical tasks for which we are qualified by training or experience, or for which we can reasonably become qualified with proper preparation, education, and training.	6. Issue statements or present information in an objective and truthful manner, based on available data. 6d. Express professional opinions only when founded on a background of technical competence.	7. Avoid real and perceived conflicts of interest, and act as honest and fair agents in all professional interactions.	7. Avoid real and perceived conflicts of interest, and act as honest and fair agents in all professional interactions. 7a. Inform employers, clients, or other professional associates of any relationships, interests, or circumstances that could influence, or could be perceived to influence, your judgment. 7e. Ensure that technical contributions are not compromised or biased by a conflict of interest or other inappropriate influences.	7b. Protect the interest of employers and/or partners by preserving confidential information. 7c. Do not disclose proprietary information concerning business affairs or technical processes of any present or former employer, client, or other professional associate without consent. 10a. Protect the proprietary interests or confidences concerning the business affairs or technical processes of current and former employers and colleagues except where disclosure or reporting is required by law, or consent granted.
AICHE	7. Perform professional services only in areas of their competence.	4. Issue statements or present information only in an objective and truthful manner.	5. Act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees, avoiding conflicts of interest and never breaching confidentiality.	5. Act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees, avoiding conflicts of interest and never breaching confidentiality.	5. Act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees, avoiding conflicts of interest and never breaching confidentiality.
ANS	4. We perform only those services that we are qualified by training or experience to perform, and provide full disclosure of our qualifications.	5. We present all data and claims, with their bases, truthfully, and are honest and truthful in all aspects of our professional activities. We issue public statements and make presentations on professional matters in an objective and truthful manner.	7. We act in a professional and ethical manner towards each employer or client and act as faithful agents or trustees, disclosing nothing of a proprietary nature concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former client or employer without specific consent, unless necessary to abide by other provisions of this Code or applicable laws.	8. We disclose to affected parties, known or potential conflicts of interest or other circumstances, which might influence, or appear to influence, our judgment or impair the fairness or quality of our performance.	7. We act in a professional and ethical manner towards each employer or client and act as faithful agents or trustees, disclosing nothing of a proprietary nature concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former client or employer without specific consent, unless necessary to abide by other provisions of this Code or applicable laws.
ASCE	2. Engineers shall perform services only in areas of their competence. 2a. Engineers shall undertake to perform engineering assignments only when qualified by education or experience in the technical field of engineering involved.	3. Engineers shall issue public statements only in an objective and truthful manner. 3b. Engineers shall be objective and truthful in professional reports, statements, or testimony. They shall include all relevant and pertinent information in such reports, statements, or testimony.	4. Engineers shall act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees, and shall avoid conflicts of interest.	4a. Engineers shall avoid all known or potential conflicts of interest with their employers or clients and shall promptly inform their employers or clients of any business association, interests, or circumstances which could influence their judgment or the quality of their services.	4f. Engineers shall not use confidential information coming to them in the course of their assignments as a means of making personal profit if such action is adverse to the interests of their clients, employers or the public.
ASME	2. Engineers shall perform services only in the areas of their competence... 2a. Engineers shall undertake responsible charge of engineering assignments only when qualified by education and/or experience in the specific technical field of engineering involved.	2f. Engineers shall prepare engineering and technical articles for the lay or technical press which are only factual and within the context of the engineer's competency and level of experience. 2f3. Engineers may express publicly technical opinions that are founded upon knowledge of the facts and competence in the subject matter.	4. Engineers shall act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees, and shall avoid conflicts of interest or the appearance of conflicts of interest.	4a. Engineers shall avoid all known conflicts of interest with their employers or clients and shall promptly inform their employers or clients of any business association, interests, or circumstances which could influence their judgment or the quality of their services. 4b. Engineers shall not undertake knowingly any assignments which potentially would create a conflict of interest between themselves and their clients or their employers.	4j. Engineers shall treat information coming to them in the course of their assignments as confidential, and shall not use such information as a means of making personal profit if such action is adverse to the interests of their clients, their employers, or the public. 4j1. They will not disclose confidential information concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former employer or client or bidder under evaluation without consent, unless required by law or court order.
IEEE	6. to maintain and improve our technical competence and to undertake technological tasks for others only if qualified by training or experience, or after full disclosure of pertinent limitations	3. to be honest and realistic in stating claims or estimates based on available data;	1. to disclose promptly factors that might endanger the public or the environment; 2. to avoid real or perceived conflicts of interest whenever possible, and to disclose them to affected parties when they do exist	1. to disclose promptly factors that might endanger the public or the environment; 2. to avoid real or perceived conflicts of interest whenever possible, and to disclose them to affected parties when they do exist	
ISA	8. perform services only in areas in which we are qualified by education or experience, and shall endeavor to maintain our professional skills;	4. issue public statements only in an objective and truthful manner and shall avoid any conduct which brings discredit upon the profession;	3. act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees, and we shall not participate in any business association, interest or circumstances which influence, or appear to influence, their judgment or the quality of their services	5. avoid real or perceived conflicts of interest whenever possible, and to disclose them to affected parties when they do exist;	11. respect the proprietary information, copyrights, intellectual property rights, and data privacy of others;
ITE	14. The member will undertake only those professional assignments for which the member is qualified. The employer or client will be advised to engage specialists and the member will cooperate with them whenever the employer's or client's interests are served best by such an arrangement.	6. The member will express an opinion on a professional subject only when it is founded on adequate knowledge and honest conviction.	8. The member will act in professional matters for each client or employer as a faithful agent or trustee.	9. The member will endeavor to avoid a conflict of interest with employer or client, but when unavoidable conflict arises, will fully disclose the circumstances to all parties involved. 11. The employer or client will be informed by the member of financial interest in any vendor or contractor, in any business, or in any invention, machine or apparatus, which is involved in a project or work of the employer or client. Such interest will not be allowed to affect decisions regarding professional services which the member may be called upon to perform.	15. The member will not disclose information concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former employer or client without their consent.
NCEES	B1. Licensees shall undertake assignments only when qualified by education or experience in the specific technical fields of engineering or surveying involved.	A4. Licensees shall, to the best of their knowledge, include all relevant and pertinent information in an objective and truthful manner within all professional documents, statements, and testimony. A5. Licensees shall express a professional opinion publicly only when it is founded upon an adequate knowledge of the facts and a competent evaluation of the subject matter.		B6. Licensees shall disclose to their employers or clients all known or potential conflicts of interest or other circumstances that could influence or appear to influence their judgment or the quality of their professional service or engagement	B4. Licensees shall not reveal facts, data, or information obtained in a professional capacity without the prior consent of the client, employer, or public body on which they serve except as authorized or required by law or rules. B9. Licensees shall not use confidential information received in the course of their assignments as a means of making personal profit without the consent of the party from whom the information was obtained.
NSPE	II.2. Engineers shall perform services only in the areas of their competence. II.2a. Engineers shall undertake assignments only when qualified by education or experience in the specific technical fields involved.	II.3 Engineers shall issue public statements only in an objective and truthful manner. II.3a. Engineers shall be objective and truthful in professional reports, statements, or testimony. They shall include all relevant and pertinent information in such reports, statements, or testimony... II.3b. Engineers may express publicly technical opinions that are founded upon knowledge of the facts and competence in the subject matter.	II.4. Engineers shall act for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees.	II.4a. Engineers shall disclose all known or potential conflicts of interest that could influence or appear to influence their judgment or the quality of their services.	II,1c, Engineers shall not reveal facts, data, or information without the prior consent of the client or employer except as authorized or required by law or this Code III. 4. Engineers shall not disclose, without consent, confidential information concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former client or employer, or public body on which they serve.
NSPS	3. A Professional Surveyor should accept assignments only in one's area of professional competence and expertise.	4. A Professional Surveyor should develop and communicate a professional analysis and opinion without bias or personal interest.		4. A Professional Surveyor should develop and communicate a professional analysis and opinion without bias or personal interest.	5. A Professional Surveyor should maintain the confidential nature of the surveyor-client relationship.
SME	3. Members shall perform work only in their areas of competence.	6. Members shall give evidence, express opinions or make statements in an objective and truthful manner and on the basis of adequate knowledge.	5. Members shall apply their skill and knowledge in the interests of their employer or client for whom they shall act, in professional matters, as faithful agents or trustees.	5a ...shall at all times avoid all known or potential conflicts of interest. The member should keep the employer or client fully informed on all matters, including financial interests, which could lead to such a conflict. In no circumstances should the member participate in any decision which could involve the member in conflict of interest.	5g. shall neither disclose nor use confidential information gained in the course of the member's engagement or employment without express permission of the client or employer except as may be required by court order or other legal process.
SPE	1. Offer services in the areas of their competence and experience, affording full disclosure of their qualifications.	3. Are honest, truthful, ethical, and fair in presenting information and in making public statements, reflecting on colleagues professional matters and their professional role, whether verbal or through printed or electronic media.	5. Act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees by not disclosing without consent, or taking improper advantage of, anything of a proprietary or confidential nature concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former client or employer.	6. Disclose to affected parties known or potential conflicts of interest or other circumstances which might influence--or appear to influence--judgment or impair the fairness or quality of their performance.	5. Act in professional matters for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees by not disclosing without consent, or taking improper advantage of, anything of a proprietary or confidential nature concerning the business affairs or technical processes of any present or former client or employer.

Society	Personal Merits and Qualifications	Credit to Others	Criticism of/Interference with Others	Honor, Integrity, Reputation of Profession	Fraud, Bribery, Violation of Laws
AIAA	4b. Accurately present and explain one's work and its merit, and avoid any act that would promote personal interests at the expense of the integrity, honor, and dignity of the profession. 8c. Do not falsify or permit misrepresentation of their academic or professional qualifications or experience.	4a. Take care that credit for professional work and accomplishments are given to those to whom credit is properly due. 10c. Without personal bias or agenda, acknowledge and recognize the contributions of colleagues.	4c. Do not maliciously or indiscriminately criticize the work of another. 10b. Do not maliciously injure the professional reputation, prospects, or practice of another.	2. Promote the lawful and ethical interests of AIAA and the aerospace profession. 4b. ...avoid any act that would promote personal interests at the expense of the integrity, honor, and dignity of the profession.	2a. Comply with public law and regulation. 3. Reject bribery, fraud, and corruption in all their forms. 3a. Do not knowingly engage in business or professional practices of a fraudulent, dishonest, or unethical nature.
AIChE	8. Build their professional reputations on the merits of their services.	6. Treat all colleagues and co-workers fairly and respectfully, recognizing their unique contributions and capabilities by fostering an environment of equity, diversity, and inclusion.	3. Accept responsibility for their actions, seek and heed critical review of their work and offer objective criticism of the work of others.	Members of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers shall uphold and advance the integrity, honor and dignity of the engineering profession... 11. Conduct themselves in a fair, honorable, and respectful manner.	
ANS -	10. We build our professional reputation on the merit of our services, do not compete unfairly with others, and avoid injuring others, their property, reputation, or employment.	12. We accept responsibility for our actions; are open to and acknowledge criticism of our work; offer honest criticism of the work of others; properly credit the contributions of others; and do not accept credit for work not our own.	10. We build our professional reputation on the merit of our services, do not compete unfairly with others, and avoid injuring others, their property, reputation, or employment. 12. We... offer honest criticism of the work of others;	Fundamental Principle: ...ANS members uphold and advance the integrity and honor of their professions by using their knowledge and skill for the enhancement of human welfare and the environment; being honest and impartial; serving with fidelity the public, their employers, and their clients; and striving to continuously improve the competence and prestige of their various professions.	11. We reject bribery and coercion in all their forms.
ASCE	5. Engineers shall build their professional reputation on the merit of their services and shall not compete unfairly with others. 5d. Engineers shall not falsify or permit misrepresentation of their academic or professional qualifications or experience.	5e. Engineers shall give proper credit for engineering work to those to whom credit is due, and shall recognize the proprietary interests of others. Whenever possible, they shall name the person or persons who may be responsible for designs, inventions, writings or other accomplishments.	5g. Engineers shall not maliciously or falsely, directly or indirectly, injure the professional reputation, prospects, practice or employment of another engineer or indiscriminately criticize another's work.	6. Engineers shall act in such a manner as to uphold and enhance the honor, integrity, and dignity of the engineering profession and shall act with zero tolerance for bribery, fraud, and corruption.	6. Engineers... shall act with zero tolerance for bribery, fraud, and corruption. a. Engineers shall not knowingly engage in business or professional practices of a fraudulent, dishonest or unethical nature. b. Engineers shall be scrupulously honest in their control and spending of monies, and promote effective use of resources through open, honest and impartial service with fidelity to the public, employers, associates and clients. c. Engineers shall act with zero tolerance for bribery, fraud, and corruption in all engineering or construction activities in which they are engaged. d. Engineers should be especially vigilant to maintain appropriate ethical behavior where payments of gratuities or bribes are institutionalized practices. e. Engineers should strive for transparency in the procurement and execution of projects. Transparency includes disclosure of names, addresses, purposes, and fees or commissions paid for all agents facilitating projects. f. Engineers should encourage the use of certifications specifying zero tolerance for bribery, fraud, and corruption in all contracts.
ASME	2. Engineers shall perform services only in the areas of their competence; they shall build their professional reputation on the merit of their services and shall not compete unfairly with others. 2e. Engineers shall not falsify or permit misrepresentation of their, or their associates, academic or professional qualification. They shall not misrepresent or exaggerate their degrees of responsibility in or for the subject matter of prior assignments. Brochures or other presentations used to solicit personal employment shall not misrepresent pertinent facts concerning employers, employees, associates, joint venturers, or their accomplishments.	2g. Engineers shall not engage in plagiarism. The act of substantially using another's ideas or written materials without due credit and advance notification, is unethical.	2h. Engineers neither shall maliciously or falsely, directly or indirectly, injure the professional reputation, prospects, practice, or employment of another engineer, nor shall they indiscriminately criticize another's work. Engineers shall inform in advance another engineer whenever they plan to publicly criticize or critically comment upon another's work. 9. Engineers shall not seek ethical sanction against another engineer unless there is good reason to do so under the relevant codes, policies and procedures governing that engineer's ethical conduct.	7. Engineers ... shall avoid any conduct which brings discredit upon the profession.	6a. Engineers shall not knowingly associate with or permit the use of their names or their firm's names in business ventures by any person or firm which they know, or have reason to believe, are engaging in business or professional practices of a fraudulent or dishonest nature.
IEEE		7. to seek, accept, and offer honest criticism of technical work, to acknowledge and correct errors, and to credit properly the contributions of others;	9. to avoid injuring others, their property, reputation, or employment by false or malicious action;	We, the members of the IEEE, in recognition of the importance of our technologies in affecting the quality of life throughout the world and in accepting a personal obligation to our profession, its members and the communities we serve, do hereby commit ourselves to the highest ethical and professional conduct	4. to reject bribery in all its forms
ISA	9. represent our abilities, qualifications, education, technical associations and professional registrations without exaggeration and in accordance with the laws of the locations in which we practice	6. seek, accept, and offer honest criticism of technical work, to acknowledge and correct errors, and to credit properly the contributions of others;	2. avoid injuring others, their property, reputation, or employment by false or malicious action;	4... [As members of ISA, we shall] avoid any conduct which brings discredit upon the profession;	
ITE	5. The member will not practice, market or promote in a false, misleading, or deceptive manner. 21. The member will, in the solicitation, submittal or evaluation of a proposal for professional services, give due regard to all aspects, including: technical capability, prior experience, creativity and suitability of the proposed work plan.		19. The member will not injure maliciously the professional reputation, prospects, or practice of another professional....	Preamble. The ITE Member, to uphold and advance the honor and dignity of the profession and in keeping with high standards of ethical conduct,will...	20. The member will not engage in competitive practices contrary to the law. 23. The member will not associate with or allow the use of his or her name by an enterprise of questionable character, nor become professionally associated with professionals who do not conform to ethical practices, or with persons not legally qualified to render the professional services for which the association is intended.
NCEES	A9. Licensees shall not knowingly provide false or incomplete information regarding an applicant in obtaining licensure. C1. Licensees shall not falsify or permit misrepresentation of their, or their associates', academic or professional qualifications. They shall not misrepresent or exaggerate their degree of responsibility in prior assignments nor the complexity of said assignments. Presentations incidental to the solicitation of employment or business shall not misrepresent pertinent facts concerning employers, employees, associates, joint ventures, or past accomplishments.		C3. Licensees shall not injure or attempt to injure, maliciously or falsely, directly or indirectly, the professional reputation, prospects, practice, or employment of other licensees, nor indiscriminately criticize other licensees' work. C4. Licensees shall make a reasonable effort to inform another licensee whose work is believed to contain a material discrepancy, error, or omission that may impact the health, safety, or welfare of the public, unless such reporting is legally prohibited.	240.15 In order to safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of the public and to maintain integrity and high standards of skill and practice in the engineering and surveying professions... A1. Licensees shall be cognizant that their first and foremost responsibility is to safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of the public when performing services for clients or employers.	A7. Licensees shall not partner, practice, or offer to practice with any person or firm that they know is engaged in fraudulent or dishonest business or professional practices. A10. Licensees shall comply with the licensing laws and rules governing their professional practice in each of the jurisdictions in which they practice.
NSPE	II.5a. Engineers shall not falsify their qualifications or permit misrepresentation of their or their associates' qualifications. They shall not misrepresent or exaggerate their responsibility in or for the subject matter of prior assignments. Brochures or other presentations incident to the solicitation of employment shall not misrepresent pertinent facts concerning employers, employees, associates, joint venturers, or past accomplishments.	III.9. Engineers shall give credit for engineering work to those to whom credit is due, and will recognize the proprietary interests of others. III.9a. Engineers shall, whenever possible, name the person or persons who may be individually responsible for designs, inventions, writings, or other accomplishments.	III.6. Engineers shall not attempt to obtain employment or advancement or professional engagements by untruthfully criticizing other engineers... III.7. Engineers shall not attempt to injure, maliciously or falsely, directly or indirectly, the professional reputation, prospects, practice, or employment of other engineers...	I.6. Conduct themselves honorably, responsibly, ethically, and lawfully so as to enhance the honor, reputation, and usefulness of the profession. III.1. Engineers shall be guided in all their relations by the highest standards of honesty and integrity. III.1e. Engineers shall not promote their own interest at the expense of the dignity and integrity of the profession.	II.1d. Engineers shall not permit the use of their name or associate in business ventures with any person or firm that they believe is engaged in fraudulent or dishonest enterprise. II.5a. Engineers shall avoid deceptive acts III.8a. Engineers shall conform with state registration laws in the practice of engineering.
NSPS	6. A Professional Surveyor should use care to avoid advertising or solicitation that is misleading or otherwise contrary to the public interest.		7. A Professional Surveyor should maintain professional integrity when dealing with members of other professions.	I pledge... to place service before profit, honor and standing of the profession before personal advantage, and the public welfare above all other considerations.	I pledge... to participate in none but honest enterprise 2. A Professional Surveyor should abide by the rules and regulations pertaining to the practice of surveying within the licensing jurisdiction.
SME	4. Members shall build their professional reputation on merit and shall not compete unfairly. 4d. shall neither falsify nor misrepresent, by misleading omissions or otherwise, the qualifications, experience and prior responsibility of the member or the member's associates.	4h. shall give proper credit for professional work to those to whom credit is due and acknowledge the contribution of subordinates and others	4g. shall exercise due restraint in explaining the member's own work and shall refrain from unfair criticism of the work of another;	2. Members shall act so as to uphold and enhance the honor, integrity and dignity of the profession.	2a. shall not be involved with any business or professional practice which the member knows or should know, based on the facts and circumstances known to the member, to be of fraudulent or dishonest nature; 8. Members shall comply with all laws and government regulations relating to the mineral industries, and with the rules, regulations, and practices as established and promulgated by the US SEC and other comparable authorities in other jurisdictions ...
SPE	8. Accept responsibility for their actions; seek and acknowledge criticism of their work; offer honest and constructive criticism of the work of others; properly credit the contributions of others; and do not accept credit for work that is not their own work.	8. Accept responsibility for their actions; seek and acknowledge criticism of their work; offer honest and constructive criticism of the work of others; properly credit the contributions of others; and do not accept credit for work that is not their own work.	8. Accept responsibility for their actions; seek and acknowledge criticism of their work; offer honest and constructive criticism of the work of others; properly credit the contributions of others; and do not accept credit for work that is not their own work.	Preamble: SPE Professionals are to exhibit the highest standards of competency, honesty, integrity, and impartiality; and are fair and equitable...	11. Act in accordance with all applicable laws and the canons of ethics as applicable to the practice of engineering as stated in the laws and regulations governing the practice of engineering in their country, territory, or state, and lend support to others who strive to do likewise. 12. Do not engage to offer or accept bribes or facilitate payments, either directly or indirectly, not only in compliance with anti-bribery laws but also in maintenance of high professional and ethical standards

Society	Gratuities	Payments from More Than One Party	Personal Professional Development	Professional Development of Others in Profession	Extending the Public Knowledge of Science/Technology
AIAA – American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics		7f. Do not accept compensation, financial or otherwise, from more than one party for the same service without the consent of interested parties.	9. Maintain and improve our technical and professional competencies throughout our careers... 9a. Keep current in our areas of specialty by engaging in professional practice, participating in continuing education courses, reading technical literature, and attending professional meetings and seminars.	9. ... provide opportunities for the professional development of those engineers under our supervision. 9c Approach the mentorship of students and young professionals as a matter of public trust, treating students fairly, respectfully, professionally, and without exploitation. 9e. Provide opportunities for the professional and ethical development of students and colleagues.	9d. Endeavor to extend the public knowledge of aerospace science and its achievements.
AIChE - American Institute of Chemical Engineers			9. Continue their professional development throughout their careers, and provide opportunities for the professional development of those under their supervision.	Striving to increase the competence and prestige of the engineering profession; 10. ... provide opportunities for the professional development of those under their supervision.	
ANS - American Nuclear Society			6. We continue our professional development and maintain an ethical commitment throughout our careers, encourage similar actions by our colleagues, and provide opportunities for the professional and ethical training of those persons under our supervision.	6. We continue our professional development and maintain an ethical commitment throughout our careers, encourage similar actions by our colleagues, and provide opportunities for the professional and ethical training of those persons under our supervision.	
ASCE - American Society of Civil Engineers	4c. Engineers shall not solicit or accept gratuities, directly or indirectly, from contractors, their agents, or other parties dealing with their clients or employers in connection with work for which they are responsible. 5a. Engineers shall not give, solicit or receive either directly or indirectly, any political contribution, gratuity, or unlawful consideration in order to secure work, exclusive of securing salaried positions through employment agencies.	4b. Engineers shall not accept compensation from more than one party for services on the same project, or for services pertaining to the same project, unless the circumstances are fully disclosed to and agreed to by all interested parties.	7. Engineers shall continue their professional development throughout their career... 7a. Engineers should keep current in their specialty fields by engaging in professional practice, participating in continuing education courses, reading in the technical literature, and attending professional meetings and seminars.	7. Engineers ... shall provide opportunities for the professional development of those engineers under their supervision. 7c. Engineers should encourage engineering employees to attend and present papers at professional and technical society meetings.	3a. Engineers should endeavor to extend the public knowledge of engineering and sustainable development...
ASME - American Society of Mechanical Engineers	4e. Engineers shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, directly or indirectly, from contractors, their agents, or other parties dealing with their clients or employers in connection with work for which they are responsible. Where official public policy or employers' policies tolerate acceptance of modest gratuities or gifts, engineers shall avoid a conflict of interest by complying with appropriate policies and shall avoid the appearance of a conflict of interest.	4c. Engineers shall not accept compensation, financial or otherwise, from more than one party for services on the same project, or for services pertaining to the same project, unless the circumstances are agreed and fully disclosed to by all interested parties.	3. Engineers shall continue their professional development throughout their careers... 3a. Engineers should keep current in their specialty fields by engaging in professional practice, participating in continuing education courses, reading in the technical literature, and attending professional meetings and seminars.	3. Engineers shall continue their professional development throughout their careers, and shall provide opportunities for the professional and ethical development of those engineers under their supervision.	7a. Engineers shall endeavor to extend public knowledge, and to prevent misunderstandings of the achievements of engineering.
IEEE - Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers			6. to maintain and improve our technical competence...	10. to assist colleagues and co-workers in their professional development and to support them in following this code of ethics.	5. to improve the understanding by individuals and society of the capabilities and societal implications of conventional and emerging technologies, including intelligent systems
ISA – International Society of Automation			8. perform services only in areas in which we are qualified by education or experience, and shall endeavor to maintain our professional skills;		
ITE – Institute of Transportation Engineers	17. The member will not offer to or pay either directly or indirectly any commission, political contribution, or fee, or other consideration in order to secure or retain work, exclusive of securing salaried positions through employment agencies. 24. The member will not exert undue influence or offer, solicit, or accept compensation for the purpose of affecting negotiations for professional engagement.	16. The member will not accept compensations from more than one party for the same service, or for other services pertaining to the same work, without the consent of all interested parties.		18. The member will endeavor to provide opportunity for the professional development and advancement of professionals in the member's employ or under the member's supervision. 22. The member will cooperate in advancing the profession by interchanging information and experience with other professionals and students, and by contributing to public communication media, and to the effects of professional and scientific societies and schools.	2. The member will endeavor to extend public knowledge and appreciation of the profession and its achievements, and will oppose any untrue, unsupported, or exaggerated statements regarding the profession. 22. The member will cooperate in advancing the profession by interchanging information and experience with other professionals and students, and by contributing to public communication media, and to the effects of professional and scientific societies and school
NCEES - National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (model rules)	B5. Licensees shall not solicit or accept gratuities, directly or indirectly, from contractors, their agents, or other parties in connection with work for employers or clients. C2. Licensees shall not offer, give, solicit, or receive, either directly or indirectly, any commission, or gift, or other valuable consideration in order to secure work, and shall not make any political contribution with the intent to influence the award of a contract by public authority.	B7. Licensees shall not accept compensation, financial or otherwise, from more than one party for services pertaining to the same project, unless the circumstances are fully disclosed and agreed to in writing by all interested parties.			
NSPE - National Society of Professional Engineers	II.4.c. Engineers shall not solicit or accept financial or other valuable consideration, directly or indirectly, from outside agents in connection with the work for which they are responsible. II.5.b. Engineers shall not offer, give, solicit, or receive, either directly or indirectly, any contribution to influence the award of a contract by public authority, or which may be reasonably construed by the public as having the effect or intent of influencing the awarding of a contract. They shall not offer any gift or other valuable consideration in order to secure work. They shall not pay a commission, percentage, or brokerage fee in order to secure work, except to a bona fide employee or bona fide established commercial or marketing agencies retained by them.	II.4.b. Engineers shall not accept compensation, financial or otherwise, from more than one party for services on the same project, or for services pertaining to the same project, unless the circumstances are fully disclosed and agreed to by all interested parties.	III.2.e. Engineers shall continue their professional development throughout their careers and should keep current in their specialty fields by engaging in professional practice, participating in continuing education courses, reading in the technical literature, and attending professional meetings and seminars.	III.2.c. Engineers are encouraged to extend public knowledge and appreciation of engineering and its achievements.	III.2.c. Engineers are encouraged to extend public knowledge and appreciation of engineering and its achievements.
NSPS - National Society of Professional Surveyors					
SME – Society for Mining, Metallurgy, and Exploration	5d. shall neither solicit nor accept financial or other valuable consideration, including but not limited to free designs, from material or equipment suppliers in exchange for specifying the suppliers' products; 5e. shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, directly or indirectly, from contractors, their agents, or other parties dealing with the member's client or employer in connection with work for which the member is responsible	5c. shall not accept compensation, financial or otherwise, from more than one party for services on the same project, unless the circumstances are fully disclosed and agreed to by all interested parties;	7. Members shall continue their professional development throughout their careers and shall actively assist and encourage those under their direction to advance their knowledge and experience.	7. Members ...shall actively assist and encourage those under their direction to advance their knowledge and experience. 7a. shall encourage the member's professional employees, associates and subordinates to further their education	1e. shall contribute to public discussion on scientific and technological matters in the member's area of competence, if the member believes that it would constructively advance the well-being of the community.
SPE – Society of Petroleum Engineers			7. Are responsible for enhancing their professional competence throughout their careers, for promoting others to advance their learning and competence, and not falsely obtaining competency credentials through misrepresentation of experience or misconduct	7. Are responsible for enhancing their professional competence throughout their careers, for promoting others to advance their learning and competence...	2. Consider the consequences of their work and societal issues pertinent to it and seek to extend public understanding of those relationships.

Society	Discrimination/ Harassment/Respect/Inclusion	Partisan Statements	Serving as an Expert Witness (see also Objectivity and Truthfulness)	Advertising and/or Dignity/Restraint in Describing Work	Accepting Criticism	Reporting a Member's Ethics Violations to Society
AIAA – American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics	2e. Promote fair and unbiased opportunities for all. 10. Treat fairly and respectfully all colleagues and co-workers, recognizing their unique contributions and capabilities.	7d. Issue no statements, criticisms, arguments or professional opinions that are paid for by interested parties, unless it is indicated on whose behalf those statements are made.	6c. Be objective, truthful, and complete in professional statements, professional reports, or expert testimony. 6d. Express professional opinions only when founded on a background of technical competence.	4b. Accurately present and explain one's work and its merit, and avoid any act that would promote personal interests at the expense of the integrity, honor, and dignity of the profession.	4. Properly credit the contributions of others, accept and offer honest and constructive criticism of technical work; and acknowledge and correct errors.	
AIChE – American Institute of Chemical Engineers	6. Treat all colleagues and co-workers fairly and respectfully, recognizing their unique contributions and capabilities by fostering an environment of equity, diversity, and inclusion. 10. Never tolerate harassment.				Accept responsibility for their actions, seek and heed critical review of their work ...	
ANS – American Nuclear Society	9. We treat all persons fairly.				12. We accept responsibility for our actions; are open to and acknowledge criticism of our work;	
ASCE - American Society of Civil Engineers	8. Engineers shall, in all matters related to their profession, treat all persons fairly and encourage equitable participation without regard to gender or gender identity, race, national origin, ethnicity, religion, age, sexual orientation, disability, political affiliation, or family, marital, or economic status. a. Engineers shall conduct themselves in a manner in which all persons are treated with dignity, respect, and fairness. b. Engineers shall not engage in discrimination or harassment in connection with their professional activities. c. Engineers shall consider the diversity of the community, and shall endeavor in good faith to include diverse perspectives, in the planning and performance of their professional services.	3d. Engineers shall issue no statements, criticisms, or arguments on engineering matters which are inspired or paid for by interested parties, unless they indicate on whose behalf the statements are made.	3b. Engineers shall be objective and truthful in professional reports, statements, or testimony. They shall include all relevant and pertinent information in such reports, statements, or testimony. 3c. Engineers, when serving as expert witnesses, shall express an engineering opinion only when it is founded upon adequate knowledge of the facts, upon a background of technical competence, and upon honest conviction.	3e. Engineers shall be dignified and modest in explaining their work and merit, and will avoid any act tending to promote their own interests at the expense of the integrity, honor and dignity of the profession. 5f. Engineers may advertise professional services in a way that does not contain misleading language or is in any other manner derogatory to the dignity of the profession		(Not stated in Code of Ethics, but ASCE's bylaws require members to report violations of the Code of Ethics to the Society)
ASME - American Society of Mechanical Engineers	(Not stated in Code of Ethics, but see ASME Society Policy on Harassment)	7d. Engineers shall issue no statements, criticisms, or arguments on engineering matters which are inspired or paid for by any interested party, unless they preface their comments by identifying themselves, by disclosing the identities of the party or parties on whose behalf they are speaking, and by revealing the existence of any financial interest they may have in matters under discussion.	7c. Engineers, when serving as expert or technical witnesses before any court, commission, or other tribunal, shall express an engineering opinion only when it is founded on their adequate knowledge of the facts in issue, their background of technical competence in the subject matter, and their belief in the accuracy and propriety of their testimony.	7e. Engineers shall be truthful in explaining their work and merit, and shall avoid any act tending to promote their own interest at the expense of the integrity and honor of the profession or another individual.	4m. Engineers shall admit their own errors when proven wrong and refrain from distorting or altering the facts to justify their mistakes or decisions.	10. Engineers who are members of the Society shall ...disclose knowledge of any matter involving another member's alleged violation of this Code of Ethics or the Society's Conflicts of Interest Policy in a prompt, complete and truthful manner to the chair of the Committee on Ethical Standards and Review.
IEEE - Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	8. to treat fairly all persons and to not engage in acts of discrimination based on race, religion, gender, disability, age, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression;				7. to seek, accept, and offer honest criticism of technical work, to acknowledge and correct errors...	(Not in Code of Ethics, but see IEEE Policy "Upholding the Code of Ethics, Nov. 2004")
ISA – International Society of Automation	7. treat fairly and respectfully all colleagues and co-workers, recognizing their unique contributions and capabilities				6. seek, accept, and offer honest criticism of technical work, to acknowledge and correct errors, and to credit properly the contributions of others;	
ITE – Institute of Transportation Engineers		7. The member will preface any ex parte statements, criticisms, or arguments issued by clearly indicating on whose behalf they are made.	6. The member will express an opinion on a professional subject only when it is founded on adequate knowledge and honest conviction.	5. The member will not practice, market or promote in a false, misleading, or deceptive manner.		19. The member will not injure maliciously the professional reputation, prospects, or practice of another professional. However, proof that another professional has been unethical, illegal, or unfair in professional practice, should be given to the proper authority.
NCEES - National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (model rules)		A6. Licensees shall issue no statements, criticisms, or arguments on engineering and surveying matters that are inspired or paid for by interested parties, unless they explicitly identify the interested parties on whose behalf they are speaking and reveal any interest they have in the matters.	A4. Licensees shall, to the best of their knowledge, include all relevant and pertinent information in an objective and truthful manner within all professional documents, statements, and testimony.			A.8. Licensees who have knowledge or reason to believe that any person or firm has violated any rules or laws applying to the practice of engineering or surveying shall report it to the board, may report it to appropriate legal authorities, and shall cooperate with the board and those authorities as may be requested.
NSPE - National Society of Professional Engineers	III.1.f. Engineers shall treat all persons with dignity, respect, fairness and without discrimination	II.3.c. Engineers shall issue no statements, criticisms, or arguments on technical matters that are inspired or paid for by interested parties, unless they have prefaced their comments by explicitly identifying the interested parties on whose behalf they are speaking, and by revealing the existence of any interest the engineers may have in the matters.	II.3.a. Engineers shall be objective and truthful in professional reports, statements, or testimony. They shall include all relevant and pertinent information in such reports, statements, or testimony, which should bear the date indicating when it was current.	III.1.e. Engineers shall not promote their own interest at the expense of the dignity and integrity of the profession.	III.1.e. Engineers shall acknowledge their errors and shall not distort or alter the facts.	(Not stated in Code of Ethics, but see NSPE and NSPE State Society Bylaws and Operating Procedures)
NSPS – National Society of Professional Surveyors				6. A Professional Surveyor should use care to avoid advertising or solicitation that is misleading or otherwise contrary to the public interest.		
SME – Society for Mining, Metallurgy, and Exploration		6b. a member shall reveal the existence of any interest, pecuniary or otherwise, that could be taken to affect the member's judgment in a technical matter about which the member is making a statement or giving evidence.	6a. (i) shall be objective and accurate in the member's professional reports, statements or testimony before any tribunal and (ii) shall express an opinion only on the basis of adequate knowledge and technical competence in the area.	4g. shall exercise due restraint in explaining the member's own work 4i. may use advertising (which term should be broadly construed to include solicitation of prospective clients by any means) to announce the member's practice and availability, but such advertisements may not include any false or defamatory statements.		
SPE – Society of Petroleum Engineers	4. Engage in professional relationships without bias or prejudice based on race, religion, gender, age, ethnicity, national origin, sexual orientation, marital status, socioeconomic status, political affiliation, or disability				8. Accept responsibility for their actions; seek and acknowledge criticism of their work	

Society	Projects Outside Area of Competence	Signing/Sealing of Plans	Employee Safety, Compensation, etc.	Research/Publication Ethics	Conflicts in Public Service	Contingency Fees
AIAA – American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics	8a. Engage and cooperate with specialists whenever the employer, client, or professional associate's interests are best served by such an arrangement.	8b. Do not certify plans or documents dealing with subject matter outside our areas of expertise by virtue of education or experience.	9c. Approach the mentorship of students and young professionals as a matter of public trust, treating students fairly, respectfully, professionally, and without exploitation.	6a. Reject all forms of research or testing misconduct and report all misconduct including fabrication, falsification, and plagiarism when it is observed.		
AIChE – American Institute of Chemical Engineers			2. Formally advise their employers or clients (and consider further disclosure, if warranted) if they perceive that a consequence of their duties will adversely affect the present or future health or safety of their colleagues or the public.			
ANS – American Nuclear Society			1. We hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public and fellow workers...			
ASCE - American Society of Civil Engineers	2b. Engineers may accept an assignment requiring education or experience outside of their own fields of competence, provided their services are restricted to those phases of the project in which they are qualified. All other phases of such project shall be performed by qualified associates, consultants, or employees.	1b. Engineers shall approve or seal only those design documents, reviewed or prepared by them, which are determined to be safe for public health and welfare in conformity with accepted engineering standards. 2c. Engineers shall not affix their signatures or seals to any engineering plan or document dealing with subject matter in which they lack competence by virtue of education or experience or to any such plan or document not reviewed or prepared under their supervisory control.	7d. Engineers shall uphold the principle of mutually satisfying relationships between employers and employees with respect to terms of employment including professional grade descriptions, salary ranges, and fringe benefits.		4d. Engineers in public service as members, advisors, or employees of a governmental body or department shall not participate in considerations or actions with respect to services solicited or provided by them or their organization in private or public engineering practice.	5c. Engineers may request, propose or accept professional commissions on a contingent basis only under circumstances in which their professional judgments would not be compromised.
ASME - American Society of Mechanical Engineers	2b. Engineers may accept an assignment requiring education and/or experience outside of their own fields of competence, so long as those aspects and phases of the project are under the supervision and review responsibility of qualified associates, consultants, or employees with responsible charge.	1b. Engineers shall not approve or seal plans and/or specifications that are not of a design safe to the public health and welfare and in conformity with accepted engineering standards.		5.d. Engineers shall prepare articles for the lay or technical press which are only factual. Technical Communications for publication (theses, articles, papers, reports, etc.) which are based on research involving more than one individual (including students and supervising faculty, industrial supervisor/researcher or other co-workers) must recognize all significant contributors. Plagiarism, the act of substantially using another's ideas or written materials without due credit, is unethical.	4f. When in public service as members, advisors, or employees of a governmental body or department, engineers shall not participate in considerations or actions with respect to services provided by them or their organization(s) in product engineering or private practice.	2d. Engineers shall not request, propose, or accept professional commissions on a contingent basis if, under the circumstances, their professional judgments may be compromised.
IEEE - Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	6. to maintain and improve our technical competence and to undertake technological tasks for others only if qualified by training or experience, or after full disclosure of pertinent limitations;					
ISA – International Society of Automation						
ITE – Institute of Transportation Engineers	14. The member will undertake only those professional assignments for which the member is qualified. The employer or client will be advised to engage specialists and the member will cooperate with them whenever the employer's or client's interests are served best by such an arrangement.		24. The member will not exert undue influence or offer, solicit, or accept compensation for the purpose of affecting negotiations for professional engagement			
NCEES - National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (model rules)	B3. Licensees may accept assignments and assume responsibility for coordination of an entire project if each technical segment is signed and sealed by the licensee responsible for preparation of that technical segment.	A2. Licensees shall sign and seal only those plans, surveys, and other documents that conform to accepted engineering and surveying standards and that safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of the public. B2. Licensees shall not affix their signatures or seals to any plans or documents dealing with subject matter in which they lack competence, nor to any such plan or document not prepared under their responsible charge.			B8. Licensees shall not solicit or accept a professional contract from a governmental body on which a principal or officer of their organization serves as a member. Conversely, licensees serving as members, advisors, or employees of a government body or department, who are the principals or employees of a private concern, shall not participate in decisions with respect to professional services offered or provided by said concern to the governmental body that they serve.	
NSPE - National Society of Professional Engineers	II.2.c. Engineers may accept assignments and assume responsibility for coordination of an entire project and sign and seal the engineering documents for the entire project, provided that each technical segment is signed and sealed only by the qualified engineers who prepared the segment.	II.2.b. Engineers shall not affix their signatures to any plans or documents dealing with subject matter in which they lack competence, nor to any plan or document not prepared under their direction and control. III.2b. Engineers shall not complete, sign, or seal plans and/or specifications that are not in conformity with applicable engineering standards. If the client or employer insists on such unprofessional conduct, they shall notify the proper authorities and withdraw from further service on the project.			II.4.d. Engineers in public service as members, advisors, or employees of a governmental or quasi-governmental body or department shall not participate in decisions with respect to services solicited or provided by them or their organizations in private or public engineering practice. II.4.e. Engineers shall not solicit or accept a contract from a governmental body on which a principal or officer of their organization serves as a member.	III.6.a. Engineers shall not request, propose, or accept a commission on a contingent basis under circumstances in which their judgment may be compromised.
NSPS – National Society of Professional Surveyors						
SME – Society for Mining, Metallurgy, and Exploration	3a. shall inform the member's employer or client, and make appropriate recommendations on obtaining further advice, if an assignment requires qualifications and experience outside the member's field of competence;					
SPE – Society of Petroleum Engineers						

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